THE VULCAN REVIEW

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WE HAVE THE

Exclusive Agency

FOR

C.P.R. Lands

AND

Vulcan Townsite

Our representative will be found in the office of M. F. Earp, Vulcan and Railway Streets

ROBERTS & HUNT

OKOTOKS UNDERTAKING PARLORS
JOHN WILSON
Funeral Director and Embalmer
Hearse and services day or night
Phone 20.
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Expert work guaranteed

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Auctioneer for Vulcan and Vicinity
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Auctioneer in all its branches
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VULCAN BAKERY
Call and get acquainted
F. SMART, Prop.

G. W. ROBSON,
BLACKSMITH
Expert Blacksmithing, Woodwork and General Repairing

Vulcan Markets

Butter	.35
Eggs	.40
Potatoes	.35
Chickens	.12
Pork, dressed	.11
Beef	.10
Flour, cwt.	3.50
Patent Flour, cwt.	3.75

M. W. A.

Zenith camp, No. 13680, Modern Woodmen of America, meets every first and third Saturday nights of each month, at the Hub hall. Visiting neighbors are welcome.

E. J. CHARTERS, V.C. — A. J. FLOOD, Clerk

LIN CHOW CAFE

Meals at all Hours

SHORT ORDERS

Cigars Oysters Confectionery
Tobacco Soft Drinks Fresh Drinks

A Cent A Vote

Name your candidate for the piano.

See the premium piano at Reeves' store.

Start in the piano premium contest next Saturday.

A dollar subscription to the Review new or arrears, means 100 votes for one of the piano contestants.

Read the conditions of the piano contest and then name yourself or a friend and get a bonus vote of a thousand.

Farmers Attention!

Now is the time to consider the
Transportation of the Bumper Crop
to need a wagon, come around and inspect the
Bettendorf Steel Gear
Indestructible. Also
The Columbus Wood Gear Has no Superior
E. J. CHARTERS, Agt.

LUMBER

Shingles, Lath, Doors, Windows
Everything in Building Materials

CROWN LUMBER COMPANY LTD.

Do you know

That a building erected with green material is a waste of time and money? We have a Complete Stock of Seasoned Material. No matter what amount you want, come in and get our prices before you buy.

E. M. Anderson, Mgr., Vulcan, Alberta.

The Observer

The proposal which has been advocated by western farmers that the banks be given power to loan money on wheat before it reaches the elevators, is supported by A. J. M. Aikens, M.P., for Brandon, who has given notice of a bill amending the bank act to this effect. Mr. Aikens has not included cattle in his statement, as he feels that they can hardly be regarded as stable a security as wheat, stored in the farmers' warehouses. The mover regards the plan as one that will help to solve the yearly rush of grain to the market.

* * *

Mrs. Arthur Murphy, president of the Women's Canadian and the Women's Press clubs of Edmonton, is at the head of a movement to bring before the provincial legislature at its session next spring a plan to preserve for the people the buildings known as Fort Edmonton, formerly owned and occupied by the Hudson's Bay company, organized in 1670. The fort, erected prior to 1885 and known as "the last house of the world," is to be restored by using the original materials. The original fort was owned by the North West Fur company and was built in the latter part of the eighteenth century.

* * *

Hon. Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture for Alberta, has placed an order with a firm in Montreal for a thousand pure-bred barred Plymouth Rocks, Rhode Island Reds, Buff Orpingtons, and White Wyandottes for delivery early next spring to the provincial poultry farm in Edmonton. The birds are solely for breeding purposes. Stock and eggs will be delivered to farmers and poultry growers direct from the experimental farms in various parts of the province. It is expected that several thousand high-grade birds will be added to the flocks during the coming year. Mr. Marshall believes the best way to encourage the industry is to assist the farmers.

* * *

Farmers having good quality barley for sale, will do well to send a sample to the Agricultural Branch, Department of Natural Resources, Canadian Pacific Railway, Calgary, Alberta. This Branch is in communication with several large firms, each using large quantities of barley, and who buy on sample. The samples do not need to contain a great quantity of the grain but should be representative of the entire crop offered. Eight ounces will be amply sufficient.

An editor in the state of Washington is missing and here is part of the description which is given of him by the authorities: "Bullet wound or scar on breast bone, about two inches below the throat. Bullet wound scar on right thigh. Spear thrust wound on the inside of the right calf. Scars on face, back and shoulders. Small groups of warts on left collar bone." Whatever may be said against the profession of journalism, as practiced by its pioneers, it is never lacking in excitement.

Presbyterian Services

Bible class and Sunday school 11 a.m
Highland ..... 3 p.m.
Evening service (Vulcan) ... 7.30 p.m.

A cordial invitation is extended to all.

REV. D. K. ALLAN, Pastor.

The choir meets for practice every Thursday evening at 8 p.m. A special service by the choir will be given the first Sunday of each month.

MR. R. GLOVER, Pianist.

The Ladies' Aid meets on the last Thursday in each month at 3 p.m.

MRS. D. K. ALLAN, Pres
MRS. F. A. ELVES, Sec.

WITHOUT COST

Have all Doubtful Seeds Tested for Vitality

Owing to the fact that climatic conditions have again been unfavorable in certain districts to the satisfactory maturity of seed grain, we wish to draw the attention of every farmer to the advisability of having his grain tested for germination.

Oats are particularly subject to injury by frost, and in certain stages of their growth are rendered worthless for seed purposes even though they may look perfectly plump and sound outwardly. Others again, though undoubtedly frozen, are not seriously affected in vitality. As a germination test is the only sure indication of the grain's condition in such cases, we would strongly advise having all doubtful oats tested.

Flax is also subject to injury by frost as well as moisture, and its vitality may be considerably lowered by these factors. Barley is affected likewise and often shows a low percentage of growth when cut after frost. Wheat, on the other hand, is much less liable to injury and will usually germinate readily even when frozen quite severely. It may, however, be rendered unfit for seed by frost or through excessive moisture.

Timothy cut after frost should be tested, as it is often greatly reduced in vitality. We should suggest having tested any other cereal or fodder seeds that may be suspected of not being up to the full standard of germination.

In sending in samples to be tested the following points should be remembered.

1. All samples are tested free of charge.
2. Seed bags suitable for sending samples may be had on application to the Dominion Seed Laboratory, Calgary, Alta.
3. About half such a bag full (1000 grains) is ample for a germination test.
4. If possible samples should be cleaned before sending.
5. Postage should be prepaid at the rate of 2 cents for 4 ounces and 1 cent for each additional 4 ounces.
6. It is unnecessary to enclose stamps for a reply.
7. The usual time necessary for a test is 10 days, but when a retest is made a longer period is required.
8. All samples should be plainly marked with the name and address of sender, together with an identification designation when more than one is sent.
9. All samples should be sent to the Dominion Seed Laboratory, Calgary, not to any individual member of the staff.

In addition to the above, this department, when required tests any kind of cereal or fodder seeds for purity from noxious weeds.

Samples sent in for such purposes should contain not less than one pound of the larger grains and two ounces of flax, grasses and clover.

Miss E. Euler, representing a Winnipeg company, spent several days here last week.

Vulcan Grain Market

Corrected to Monday night.

WINTER WHEAT.	
No. 1 red	.57
No. 2	.54
No. 3	.50
No 4	.45
No. 5	.37
No. 6	.30
No. 1 rejected red	.46
No. 2	.45
No 3	.41
No. 1 white	.47
No. 2	.44
No. 3	.43
No. 4	.38
No. 5	.35
No. 1 rejected white	.38
No. 2	.36
No. 3	.34
SPRING WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	.57
No. 2	.54
No. 3	.50
No. 4	.45
No. 5	.37
No. 6	.30
No. 1 rejected northern	.47
No. 2	.45
No. 3	.41
Feed	.38
Oats, Extra No. 1 feed	.20
Oats, No. 1 feed	.19
Oats, No. 2 and rej.	.17
No. 3 barley	.30
No. 4 barley	.31
Feed Barley	.17
Flax	.84
Rejected	.80

Dry Goods Groceries Boots & Shoes
Ready-made Clothing Made to Measure Clothing

We are Opening up a large new stock of
Ladies, Men's and Children's Sweaters
Very neat and catchy colors—A good wide range to choose from

Felt Shoes & Overshoes

Although it is still early in the season we have had to replenish our stock of these goods and we can fit the child and the adult with good, warm, comfortable footwear for the oncoming cold weather. Also in stock some very snappy house slippers for ladies, with a good assortment in Men's and Children's.

See our Window Display and you will be convinced of the Completeness of this range

We also have the usual large assortment of
Underwear, Top Skirts, Socks, Wool Mittens, Lined Mittens, Lined Gloves, Heavy Tweed and Corduroy Trousers, etc.

Lovely weather now but we will need warm clothing soon, so why not prepare now?

ELVES BROS.

Exceptional Good Buys : Close in to Vulcan:

On Crop Payment Plan

Also other buys for a small Cash Payment down

Snaps for Somebody

M. F. EARP

Weber Wagons — Deering Farm Machinery . .

If you are going to need a Wagon be sure and see the Weber before buying

Vulcan Branch Deering Agency

M. E. SHAW, Agt., VULCAN

Terry & Flood
CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS
PLANS AND ESTIMATES
VULCAN, - - ALTA.

Review Coupon Good for 100 in Piano Cast

I VOTE FOR _____

Signed _____

A WINTER COAT

not only keeps cold out, but conserves body-warmth; body-fat serves the same purpose, it enables us to resist unsettled elements and serves as the great source of our body-heat. Greater body-warmth means richer blood, more fat, not obesity but fat which the body consumes for warmth, vitality, resistance-power—as a furnace consumes coal for heat—*Scott's Emulsion* does this.

A teaspoonful after each meal makes body-warmth—healthy, active blood—sharpens the appetite and makes all good food do good.

It drives out and keeps out colds by raising endurance-power and creating strength.

Reject substitutes for SCOTT'S.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ontario 12-61

White Pine Culls Now in Demand

A peculiar feature of current lumber demand in the old white pine sections of the North is the extraordinary requirement for low grade stock. It is so persistent and devouring that it takes in culls so ranks that 20 or 30 years ago they would have been considered refuse, fit only for the roughest kind of patching up of sheds, and, when accumulation became too burdensome they were thrown into the burner or used to build wharves or roadways, of for firewood. Grading downward has come with the demand for box material, until three-men boards, as they have been jocosely called, are now graded as No. 5 or anything below that. The call for low-grade stuff has become so general and insistent that such stuff is more saleable than the medium and better qualities. This feature is true not only of the lumber market of the Northern States, but pertains also to that of Canada. At Toronto the demand for the lower grades of pine is especially active and large, so that there is a veritable shortage of mill culls and what are called dead pickings, in it. This condition with respect to the lumber market of Ontario shows how closely the lumber trade of that province is connected with that of this country, the same requirements for cull lumber—namely, for box manufacture—prevailing in that province as in the northern part of the United States. The way in which the cull lumber of the Northern States and Canada is being used up almost to the last carload has more than ordinary significance. It means that anything in the shape of a tree or log is being utilized in the way of sawed product, and that timber that was once considered usable only as firewood is now being converted into lumber that actually sells quicker than good stock.—American Lumberman.

Poor old Patrick! He was but the shadow of his old self. He was a soldier boy who'd been serving in a minor war in the hill country of India, and he'd had a rough time, bedad.

So seedy, so thin and worn indeed, was Patrick that he was invalided home that he might have an early opportunity of pulling himself together, and showing that he was truthfully a brawny son of Erin.

As he stepped ashore from the troopship at Southampton his cousin Timothy stepped up to meet him.

Why, Patsy, my bhoy, remarked the cousin, it's right glad that Oi am to see ye're back from the front.

Patrick looked grieved and sad, chastened and ill-at-ease.

Bedad, Tim, he said, Oi knew Oi was thin, but Oi'm bothered if Oi thought I was as thin as that.

The Cheery Ad. Man

New Merchant—How big an ad would you advise?

Advertising Man—That depends on how many tons of customers your store floor will sustain. You would not want 'em to break through into the cellar, of course.

The man who has a photograph of his wife and kids on his desk may be a sentimentalist—but he's a dependable sort of a coot.

The summer girl has resigned in favor of the cuddlesome girl.

TWO POINTERS ON HOW TO CURE A COLD

When you begin to sniff and feel a burning sensation in the nasal passages, or when a tickling irritation in your throat starts you coughing, the first important thing is to act at once. It's the neglected cold that becomes troublesome and dangerous.

The second important thing to do is to take Na-Dru-Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne, and keep it up till the cold disappears entirely.

Na-Dru-Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice, and Chlorodyne is absolutely free from harmful drugs, and can safely be given even to moderately young children. It is pleasant tasting and quick acting, promptly relieving the irritation of the throat and nostrils, loosening the mucus, promoting expectoration, and checking the cold.

Your druggist has Na-Dru-Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne in 25c. and 50c bottles, or can quickly get it for you. Compounded by the National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited. 315

W.N.U. 926

The Etiquette of War

War—that is warfare between civilized nations—has its code of etiquette, known as the Customs of War, some of which are written, others tacitly agreed to.

Obvious examples of fighting etiquette are the rules which protect the Red Cross flag of the ambulance, and forbid the use of explosive, or within limits, expanding bullets.

Nominally, a general may use any means in his power to bring his foe to subjection. A leader may cut off his enemy's food and water supplies. He may subject him to all the horrors of famine and thirst; but he must not poison his food or water.

Suppose a place is besieged and that outside the walls are wells which the besiegers cannot effectively hold, and which the besieged can reach under cover of night. The besiegers would be justified in sending parties to fill up the wells with earth and stones, or to destroy them with dynamite. On the other hand, to pollute the wells with poison or to throw dead animals into them, would be an infamy.

A prisoner of war has his rights. He may be asked to give his parole—to promise not to escape; but he must not be forced to give his parole, and is not to be punished for refusing to do so. A prisoner on parole who attempts to escape is liable to be shot, either when escaping or if retaken alive.

An unparoled prisoner may also be shot while in the act of escaping; but if recaptured, it would be murder to shoot him, though he may be placed in more rigorous confinement.

A prisoner may be compelled to earn his keep by working at his trade if he has one, or by doing work for his captors not of a purely military nature. Thus, he may be ordered to assist in draining the camp in which he is a prisoner; but it would not be fair to put him to building fortifications.

The customs of war justify the employment of spies, but under certain rules. If a soldier voluntarily turns traitor, the other side are entitled to make use of him; but it is not right to tempt a soldier to betray his own side.

If thus tempted, a man may pretend to turn traitor, and deceive the enemy with false information. On the other hand, voluntarily to go over to the enemy, pretending to be a traitor or deserter, would be dishonorable conduct—that is if the pretended traitor is an officer or soldier.

A spy, of course, has no rights, and is at all times liable to be shot or hanged at sight.

An officer or soldier, however, caught in the enemy's camp must not be treated as a spy, but as a prisoner of war, provided he is not disguised.

If a commander takes part in a charge, or persistently exposes himself to fire, he must take his chance of being shot; but in big affairs it is not the game to detail marksmen to try to pink off your opponent's general, though every effort may be made to capture him.

When a city or town is bombarded, public buildings—unless used for defensive purposes—should be spared as far as possible. When a place is captured, the victorious foe is entitled to seize art treasures and so on, and to hold them to ransom. To injure or destroy them would be the act of a vandal.

When a country is invaded, the invader can compel the inhabitants to supply him with food and other supplies, and to act as guides, workmen, and drivers.

A person who, not belonging to any recognized military force, takes up arms against an invader is liable to be shot like a dog when captured. Retaliation is sanctioned by the customs of war. It is military vengeance and takes place when an outrage committed on one side is avenged by the commission of a similar act on the other.

Thus, an unjust execution of prisoners by the enemy may be followed by the execution of an equal number of prisoners held by the opponents.

Sabbath Desecration

In illustration of the dreary Glasgow Sunday a lecturer told this story of the late J. L. Toole. He was leaving his hotel in Glasgow one fine Sunday morning when the sun was shining brightly. As he was strolling along George Square a policeman eyed him suspiciously, and at last approached and said:

Ye had better tak' care what ye're doin'.

What am I doing? inquired Toole, and added with a merry wink, why, I'm not even whistling.

No, replied the Glaswegian in solemn and reproving tones; but ye're looking almost as happy as if it were Monday.

The prisoner is discharged.
What's that, judge?
You are discharged, I say.
But judge, I pleaded guilty.
I can't help that. Go on away.
I pleaded guilty, your honor, and guilty I was, and I think I ought to go to jail.
Will you keep still? The court is done with your case.

The indictment charged me with using poisonous flavors in soda water, judge, and I certainly did. Now I want to pay the penalty.

Once and for all, my man, I order you to quit bothering this court. You were charged with adulterating soda water. The evidence showed that you labelled your bottles sody water. That lets you out. There is no law against putting impurities in sody water. The law refers only to soda water, sir.

I had no intention of evading the law, judge. I spelt it sody through ignorance. Can't you send me up for a month or so?

No, sir, not for a minute. The law is the law and I am here to defend it from violation. Officer, throw this person into the street.

Edward cleaned up $10,000 yesterday.

Edwin—Great. How did he do it?

Edward—Oh, easy enough. Used one of these new machines for washing bank notes.

MONKEY AND BEAR FIGHT

Brutal Exhibition in an English Town is Stopped by Audience

An exciting scene occurred at a music hall, in which the audience rose in a body and protested against the performance was described to the Scarborough magistrates yesterday when John Hendrickson, proprietor of an animal circus, was summoned for cruelty to a small bear and a monkey.

It was alleged that on Monday night defendant introduced at the People's Palace and Aquarium what was described as a fight between the bear and the monkey. The latter had tied to its neck a heavy weight, which prevented it from moving easily; and a small black bear was dragged on to the stage, evidently very much against its will.

I am now introducing John Johnson, defendant told the audience. You will now see a fight between black and white. He then incited the animals to fight.

The monkey jumped upon the bear's back and bit it about the eyes. The bear attempted to escape from the stage, but the defendant dragged it forward again and a fierce struggle of about one minute's duration ensued between the animals.

The bear freed itself, but the defendant again brought it up to the scratch and a further fight took place.

The audience rose almost en masse and protested against the continuance of the disgraceful exhibition and subsequently the manager barred the performance for the rest of the week.

Defendant told the magistrates that he was very sorry that he had ever shown the bear. The two animals had played together like kittens.

The magistrates imposed a fine of £5 and costs.

ANAEMIC GIRLS SEEM EVERYWHERE

Nine Out of Every Ten Show Symptoms of This Serious Trouble

So steadily does anaemia undermine the health of young, growing girls and young women that it is rightly regarded as one of the greatest enemies of her sex. Nine women out of ten are bloodless, more or less, and in many cases neglect has allowed anaemia to develop into hopeless decline. There is a security and new strength for weak, tired girls and women in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They actually make the new, good blood of health that banishes the "always tired" weakness, and the continual backaches of anaemia. They drive away headaches, the low spirits, the palpitation of the overworked heart and the fits of nervousness that mark the women whose weak blood is unable to nourish their wasting frames. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have given health to unhappy anaemics in cases too numerous to record. Here is one example. Miss Hattie B. White, Whitehall, Ont., says:—"Some two years ago I became very much run down. I consulted a doctor who told me that it was a bad case of anaemia and nervousness. I had most of the symptoms that accompany this trouble, such as headaches, a tired feeling, poor appetite, and pallor. The doctor's medicine did not seem to help me and then I began changing from one medicine to another, but with no better results. Finally at the suggestion of my mother I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I got two boxes and by the time I had taken them I began to feel better. This cheered me very much, and I continued using the Pills until I had taken nine or ten boxes, when I was again enjoying the very best of health, and had gained in weight as well. I have proved in my case that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a cure for anaemia, and can recommend them to similar sufferers."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Matter of Taste

He was the sort of young men who takes a girl out and talks a lot of pretty things, but never dreams of buying anything, not even a penny bar of cocoanut taffy. They had been walking out together for quite a time, and she was getting a bit tired of it. One evening they came to a pause outside a gaily decorated confectioner's shop. Look, darling, he whispered gushingly, I can see your beautiful sweet face quite clearly in that window.

But she was determined on making a change. That's all right, George, about my sweet face, she said, coldly, I'm tired of hearing about it. I wish you'd remember my sweet tooth now and then instead.

Andrew Carnegie tells a tale about taking a German financier travelling in America on a visit to Niagara Falls.

The millionaire, accustomed to outbursts of wonderment and enthusiasm was not a little astonished to see his Teutonic friend stand and gaze stolidly upon that roaring cataract without evincing the faintest emotion.

Finally, unable as he admits, any longer to conceal his chagrin and disappointment Mr. Carnegie turned to his companion and asked:

Don't you think that's a wonderful sight?

Vot? asked the German.

Why, that gigantic body of water pouring over that lofty precipice.

The gentleman from the fatherland stood for a few seconds longer, then looked up blandly and asked:

Vell. Vat's to hinder it?

When anyone says to a wise man: Isn't that the best way? he always says yes.

Many a boy has acquired some very good habits by not following in the footsteps of his father.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

The strenuous minister dispenses religion by the pound.

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

SHAW'S SCHOOLS

The Central Business College, Toronto, with Four City Branch Schools.—The Central Telegraph and Railroad School and The Shaw Correspondence School, are now commonly known as "Shaw's Schools." In these schools a great work is being done in training young people for business pursuits and for earning good salaries. The annual curriculum is interesting and is mailed free on sending request to W. H. Shaw, President, Toronto, Ont.

Detected

One Saturday night, as the hour struck eight, a small figure might have been seen sitting up in its cot, and gazing thoughtfully into space. The thinker was little Bobbie and he was up against the biggest problem he had ever had to tackle in all the vast experience of his six years.

Were father, mother and brother Jack going out while he was put safely to bed? That was the question and oh! how to find out.

Stay! A thought suddenly struck Master Bobbie, aged six, and he called to brother Jack to come at once. Brother Jack came and was hugged violently for two or three moments and then thrust on one side.

Call mummie now! demanded Bobbie.

Mummie was called and subjected to identically the same treatment, except after pushing her away from him, Bobbie looked steadily at her, triumph struggling with sorrow in his face as he exclaimed.

There! I knew it. You are all going out without me! I can smell fresh soap on your faces!

Used according to directions, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial will afford relief in the most acute form of summer complaint. Whenever the attack manifests itself no time should be lost in seeking the aid of the Cordial. It will act immediately on the stomach and intestines and allay the irritation and pain. A trial of it will convince anyone of the truth of these assertions.

A physician tells a story of a philanthropic doctor in a Pennsylvania coal mining town who presented each household with a nice new thermometer and told the people the necessity of maintaining proper temperature. When making his rounds one day he observed his thermometer hanging in the room. He enquired of the woman of the house if she had remembered his instructions.

Indeed, sir, I do, was the response. I hang the thing right up there and I watch it carefully to see it does not get too high.

Good, exclaimed the doctor. And what do you do when the temperature rises above 70 degrees?

Why, sir, answered the woman, with the air of one faithful to a trust, when it gets too high I take it down and put it outside until it cools off.

The average woman knows more about her neighbor than she knows about herself.

Wilson—Why do you roll your cigarettes?

Nelson—Well, old chappie, I must take some exercise, you know.

A Treat Anytime

Crisp, delicately browned

Post Toasties

Ready to serve without further cooking by adding cream or milk.

Often used with fresh or canned fruit.

"The Memory Lingers"

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ontario.

SEED GRAIN AND POTATOES

Distribution From the Dominion Experimental Farms, 1912-1913

By instructions of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture a distribution of superior sorts of grain and potatoes will be made during the coming winter and spring to Canadian farmers. The samples for general distribution will consist of spring wheat, 5 lbs; white oats, 4 lbs; barley, 5 lbs; and field peas 5 lbs. These will be sent out from Ottawa. A distribution of potatoes in 3 lb samples will be carried on from several of the experimental farms, the Central Farm at Ottawa supplying only the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. All samples will be sent free, by mail.

Applicants must give particulars in regard to the soil on their farms, and some account of their experience with such kinds of grain (or potatoes) as they have grown, so that a promising sort for their conditions may be selected.

Each application must be separate and must be signed by the applicant. Only one sample of grain and one of potatoes can be sent to each farm. Applications on any kind of printed form cannot be accepted. If two or more samples are asked for in the same letter only one will be sent.

As the supply of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early; but the applications will not necessarily be filled in the exact order in which they are received. Preference will always be given to the most thoughtful and explicit requests. Applications received after the end of January will probably be too late.

All applications for grain (and applications from the provinces of Ontario and Quebec for potatoes) should be addressed to the Dominion Cerealist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. Such applications require no postage. If otherwise addressed delay and disappointment may occur.

Applications, for potatoes, from farmers in any other province should be addressed (postage prepaid) to the Superintendent of the nearest Branch Experimental Farm in that province.

Awful Asthma Attacks. Is there a member of your family who is in the power of this distressing trouble? No service you can render him will equal the bringing to his attention of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This remarkable remedy rests its reputation upon what it has done for others. It has a truly wonderful record, covering years and years of success in almost every part of this continent and even beyond the seas.

A Matter of no Importance

Little Kitty, with arms spread well across the table, and with little tongue well out, was bending over a piece of paper, on which she made queer and illogical dots and marks.

Darling, cried her mother, as she came into the dining-room and found the curly head so low over its task, what are you doing?

Oh, just writing to my friend, Lillie Smith! answered Kitty quietly, and resumed her wayward scratches.

Her mother suppressed a laugh as she watched the earnest little dashes sprawled across the white paper. Then she finally said, trying to speak with as much indifference in her voice as had her little daughter:

But, dearest, you don't know how to write, do you?

No, mumsie, replied the small scribe, as she glanced round pityingly at her parent. But what does that matter? Lillie Smith can't read.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

Made to Measure

The traveller was waiting at the little countryside station when he was suddenly startled by a sharp ringing of a bell.

Instantly three of the railway employees ranged themselves up in a line on the platform, and stood at attention.

A moment later a locomotive flashed by with a single carriage. Out of the window of the carriage a man was leaning. He made hurried notes in a pocket-book as he passed.

The traveller marvelled greatly, and inquired of the station-master the meaning of the strange scene he had witnessed.

That? replied the official. That was the company's tailor measuring us for new suits.

Then the traveller went mad and promptly bought a station sandwich.

Very Evident

An old bon-vivant who kept a fine establishment received a visit from his maiden-aunt. He took great pride in showing her over the place and pointing out its many treasures, remarks Lippincott's. As a special favor he let her have a glimpse of his famous wine cellar.

You're the first woman who has ever set foot in here, he said.

Gracious. I should say I was, she replied. Why the place is full of cobwebs.

While the new Grand Trunk Pacific hotel in Edmonton has been christened after Sir John A. Macdonald the Great Canadian statesman it is also said to be a fact that the original settler in the Albertan Capital was a man named John Macdonald, who came from Garth at the close of the eighteenth century and established what is today a thriving city of 55,000 before the Hudson's Bay Company erected its fort and trading station on the banks of the Saskatchewan River. It is said that he crossed the plains with an ox team in the summer of 1789 and located on a farm over-looking the river, within a stone's throw of what is now the principal business thoroughfare. Thus the "Chateau Macdonald," will have double associations and a link with the history of the city in which it is situated as well as with the history of the entire Dominion.

The Playing of It

Town Band Leader—This is great. Most of the audience is weepin'.

Oboe player—Aw, I bet it isn't the sentiment of the piece—it's the way we played it.

Naturally an actress thinks she's a star when she's praised to the skies.

INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM

Conquered by GIN PILLS

Mr. W. G. Reid, Hamilton, Ont., writes: "I have been for the last two years a cripple with Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I tried almost everything known to medical science and sought change of climate without relief. Your manager in this city recommended Gin Pills and I have since taken eight boxes and am now cured. I consider Gin Pills the conqueror of Rheumatism and Kidney Disease".

50c. a box. 6 for $2.50. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 132

THE 'ALBERTA' HOTEL

715 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG

A few doors south of C.P.R. Depot

Rates $1.50 to $2.00 per day

Cuisine unexcelled

Hot and cold water in every room

Hotel practically Fireproof

All Outside Rooms

Everybody likes the

WALKER HOUSE

"The House of Plenty"

TORONTO'S FAMOUS HOTEL

American and European Plans

Geo. Wright & Mack Carroll Proprietors

Fully Warranted

CATTLE FATTEN QUICKER

—take on weight faster—make better beef—when dehorned. Cows give more milk—and half the danger in shipping by rail or boat is eliminated.

KEYSTONE DEHORNER does the work in 2 minutes. Cuts from 4 sides at once. Write for free booklet.

R. H. McKENNA,

719 Robert St. Toronto, Ont. Mention this paper.

MAPLE BUTTER

All grocers 25c. lb. Tin

If your Clothier does not sell

SANFORD'S SOVEREIGN BRAND CLOTHES

see the other fellow

VERIBRITE VENOIL

THE WORLD'S BEST WOOD POLISH

Cleans and disinfects everything in your home from the cellar to the attic. Put it on your duster and dust Hardwood Floors, Woodwork, Linoleums, Pianos, Furniture, etc. Makes everything just like new. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Made by the

DOMESTIC SPECIALTY CO., Ltd. Hamilton, Canada

When Papa Sleeps

When my pa's awake he's still,
Dis like you and me.
Never makes a bit of noise
Dis still as he can be.

But when he goes to sleep, oh,
He makes such a clatter
Scares you almost half to death
Wond'ring what's the matter.

First he gives a growl or two,
Then begins to rumble;
Then lets out a snort or two,
Then he'll groan and grumble.

Wonder if pa's broke inside,
Or been getting rusted,
'Spect I'd better have him fixed
Or he'll wake up busted.

All young widows are not merry, but some of them will be if the men say yes, before leap year ends.

She Had Such Beautiful Hands

that it was perfectly evident that she used SNAP, the original hand cleaner, to remove the grime of housework.

Hand cleaners by any other name do *not* smell as sweet. Avoid rank imitations, and remember the name SNAP 36

SNAP

Order from your dealer to-day. Save coupons.

DENIAL OF EMBARGO

RESTRICTION IN LOADING IS TO RELIEVE CONGESTION

Railway Officials Deny That Embargo Was Placed on Wheat—Elevators However, are Unable to Handle Grain That is Arriving, as Boats are Being Delayed.

Fort William.—Given the bottoms, Fort William can handle grain faster than all the railroads can bring it to the head of the lake, according to a statement made by F. W. Young, general manager of the Lake Shippers' Clearance Association.

Mr. Young states that there is nothing in the present situation to inspire a panicky feeling and that while there is a large quantity of grain in store here, there is still room for as much more.

Nearly 1,500,000 bushels is pouring into the holds of boats from the elevators daily. Rates this year are much better than they were one year ago, and lake shippers are getting about all the traffic will stand for moving grain down the lakes.

There is however, little doubt that the movement this year has not been so brisk as it might have been. This is, however, a condition over which shippers, elevator men and transportation interests have no control, it is claimed. The market has been a falling one. Dealers are not anxious to sell on a low market. On a rise grain will be rushed to the market but they are holding it for this raise.

This is done largely in the terminal elevators and it is this fact that is largely responsible for the unusually large quantity in store here.

The total storage capacity of the terminal elevator plants is estimated at 25,000,000 bushels.

That a general grain embargo has not been placed by the C.P.R. in the west was the statement by D. C. Coleman, general superintendent of the road, and R. A. Morgan, superintendent at Fort William.

They admit however that a restriction in loading has been placed equal to the capacity for unloading at the elevators at Fort William.

At present the C.P.R. have 8,000 cars en route here and can unload between 600 and 700 cars a day. The company is loading in the west about 500 cars daily with the intention of increasing the number as soon as the situation is relieved.

However the elevator men state that about 2,500,000 bushels will have to be shipped daily in order to have the elevators in good shape by the close of navigation.

It is claimed that with the boats now in sight this will be possible. The situation at Buffalo and the Georgian Bay ports, however, will be a factor in deciding this. If they cannot handle the boats as fast as they arrive, delay in the boats returning will naturally result.

The capacity of the elevators at the head of the lakes is estimated at 28,000,000 bushels, but with the multiplication of loads the elevators are unable to handle this quantity.

To Sell Homes on Insurance Plan

Moose Jaw, Sask.—The contract has now been closed with the National Construction company of Winnipeg for the erection of 100 modern and medium-priced residences to be sold on the insurance plan. Immediate possession will be given purchaser upon his first payment down, the general plan of payments being modeled after the 20-year endowment policies of the leading life insurance companies. In the event of the death of the head of the family before completion of payments, a clear title of property goes to the widow. A special feature of the sales plan is an allowance of $100 in favor of married couples, this sum to be deducted from the purchase price for each birth occurring in the family after taking possession. The prices of the proposed houses will range from $3,000 and upwards. The Imperial Bank is to act as trustee for receiving initial payments, turning over the funds to the building committee upon the completion of the houses. The bank after crediting the monthly payments will allow purchasers 3 per cent interest on these amounts until they are paid over to the builders. With interest and bonuses, it is explained, the ultimate cost of the houses to the buyers should be considerably under the purchase price as stated.

PARCEL POST EXTENSION

Postmaster-General Considering Adoption of U.S. System

Ottawa.— The postmaster-general, Hon. L. P. Pelletier, is considering the question of following the lead of the United States, of Great Britain, and of other European countries in regard to the parcel post system. Canada has, so far, lagged behind these countries in the matter of adopting a comprehensive parcel post system in competition with the monopoly of the express companies. With the increase in density of population and the inauguration of a rural mail delivery, it is believed that conditions in Canada will soon be ripe for a considerable extension of the present very limited parcel post arrangements of the post office department.

The United States postal department will inaugurate, on Jan. 1 next, a parcel post system, with a weight limit of 11 pounds and special rates for dairy and farm products for urban consumption. Mr. Pelletier will probably send officials of the department to the United States during the coming winter to investigate the working out of the new system with a view of adopting it at least in part of Canada.

Death at a Hurling Match

Dublin.—During a hurling match at Freshford, County Kilkenny, one of the players, named Meacher, fell forward and died shortly afterward. A doctor asserted that death was due to a cardiac attack brought on by excitement.

London.—No fewer than 204,000 scholars were inspected by the London county council's doctors last year. More than 50 per cent showed physical defects.

HUDSON BAY RY. A BOON

Will Carry 50,000,000 Bushels of Wheat Yearly, Says Official

Edmonton.—Within three years' time more than 50,000,000 bushels of western wheat will be finding its way to the markets of the world by way of the Hudson's Bay Railway and Port Nelson if present expectations are fulfilled, said R. H. McNeil, secreary of the company on arrival in the city from the west in company with Mr. Letta, the Grand Trunk Pacific colonization agent.

It is because the people of the west demand it, he added, and it is a moral certainty that the line will be operated by the Government and that it will be one of the most profitable railroads in the Dominion.

The length of the line from Le Pas to Port Nelson, on the Hudson's Bay is 500 miles and today 75 miles of road are graded and ready for track, while there is on hand a sufficient supply of steel for the first 150 miles.

The right of way is cleared 150 miles.

Mr. McNeil went on to say that there could be no permanent solution of the blockade problem until a new outlet had been provided and he affirmed that such an outlet would be provided by the new railway.

It should be possible to lay down Scotland anthracite coal in the prairie provinces at $8 a ton, compared with the present price of something like $12 a ton for Pennsylvania.

The $60,000,000 C.P.R. Loan to be Issued Jan. 2

Montreal.—Definite announcement is made that the Canadian Pacific railway will make the issue of $60,000,000 common stock, authorized at the special general meeting of the shareholders last month, early in the coming year. The new stock to the full amount authorized by the meeting will be offered to shareholders of record at 3 p.m. on Thursday, January 2, next, the right to subscribe to expire on Thursday, February 13.

The issue is to be made as farecasted at $175 a share. There was some expectation that the announcement with regard to the new issue would be made after the monthly meeting of the board of directors a week ago yesterday. The failure to make the announcement was generally ascribed to the uncertainty prevailing in the financial markets abroad, but apparently the delay was only temporary.

Ten Million for Harbor Improvements

Ottawa.—The public works main estimates this session will provide about ten million dollars for harbor improvements next season at St. John, N.B., Quebec, Toronto, Port Arthur, Vancouver, and Victoria. The new terminal scheme at Halifax will be looked after by the railway department, while the Montreal harbor improvements are financed under special arrangement with the harbor board.

TO EFFECT ARMISTICE

NEGOTIATIONS FOR PEACE ARE NOW IN PROGRESS

It is Believed That Bulgaria Will Demand the Capitulation of Several Fortified Cities, to Which Turkey Will Not Likely Accede—Cholera Complicates Matters.

Constantinople. — Nazim Pasha, commander-in-chief of the Turkish army; Izet Pasha, chief of the general staff of the war office and later commander-in-chief in Yemen, and Chaden Bey, counsellor of state, have been appointed as Ottoman plenipotentiaries for the negotiation of an armistice with the Bulgarian representatives.

The question of peace bulks large in the foreground. The fact that the official communication with regard to the Bulgarian reply issued at both Constantinople and Sofia make no mention of preliminary conditions, has given rise to comment, as it was generally expected that Bulgaria would insist upon fixing a basis before consenting to enter upon negotiations.

Indeed the belief was very general that Bulgaria would demand the capitulation of Adrianople and other fortified places and the foreign minister recently stated to the ambassadors that Turkey would refuse to entertain any such stipulation.

Apparently Bulgaria has found good reasons for refraining from such an attitude, especially as the entering upon pour parlers will not compel the suspension of hostilities until the armistice has been actually signed.

As has already been pointed out, the question of cholera complicates the issue at Tschatalja and it is rumored that the Bulgarians were retiring to more sanitary positions near Tchorlu.

The Porte has applied to the embassies and legations for the withdrawal of the naval contingents landed on Monday on the ground that their presence is no necessary, while it is admitted that should danger arise there will always be time enough to take measures of precaution.

It is generally believed that the object of the authorities in quartering nearly two thousand cholera patients in the Mosque of St. Sophia is to deter any enemies from entering the building. The talk in the Sofia papers regarding the celebration of Te Deums in that historic pile undoubtedly produced an impression on the Turkish Government, which resorted to this truly Oriental expedient of diverting such a design.

A letter from Drama says that long before the Bulgarians approached the town the authorities were seized with panic and besought the foreign consuls to arrange for a peaceful surrender.

Next day the governor, the military commander and the commander of the gendarmes attired in mufti abandoned the place while soldiers and gendarmes did likewise.

REMARKABLE CANOE TRIP

Harvard Graduate and Indian Guide Explored Virgin Wastes Around Hudson's Bay

Ottawa.—The story of a remarkable canoe trip in an unknown section of the Hudson's Bay by a Harvard graduate and a single Indian was brought to Ottawa in letters from Mr. Ernest Oberholtzer, who is at his home in Davenport, Iowa.

Mr. Oberholtzer, who has spent a couple of seasons exploring the extraordinary water routes in the Rainy river valley of Four Traders, left Le Pas, on the Canadian Northern railway, with Billy McGee, his Indian, from Fort Francis, at the end of June and followed the route via Reindeer Lake that was taken by Mr. Tyrrell in 1894 on his second trip through the barren lands for the Geological Survey to Dubrochel, the last mission station.

No Indians were procurable and Oberholtzer rejected advice to turn back. Finding Tyrrell's maps were without a flaw, he went north to Sandy Lake, where he left Tyrell's route to follow the Thlewiaza river to the bay. For 400 miles the route was where no white man had ever been seen, including the traverse of Nutheltin or Sleeping Island Lake, which Samuel Horn crossed on the way to the Coppermine December 30, 1770.

Part of this lake is in the treeless regions and on the way down the river, which is full of rapids, he saw innumerable caribou.

Hudson's Bay was reached about 125 miles north of Churchill on September 14. An Esquimaux happened to be at the mouth of the Thlewiaza with a whale boat, in which the trip to Churchill was concluded. Thence to York the trip was continued in the canoe.

York was left on October 1st very late in the season. They arrived at Norway House a week after the last boat for Selkirk had left and the journey up Lake Winnipeg to Gimli occupied sixteen days, Gimli being reached Nov. 5 after a journey of 2,000 miles lasting 130 days.

No such trip has been known to be accomplished by two men and a single canoe and many escapes from disaster were experienced. Mr. Obeholtzer is making a sketch map of Thlewiaza and Nutheltin Lake and on reporting the news to Dr. Roche, the minister of the interior, it was decided to place Mr. Cahilfour, the Dominion geographer, in communication with Mr. Oberholtzer.

New York Celebration

New York.—New York will celebrate the three hundredth anniversary of the founding of the first settlement on Manhattan Island. Major Gaynor so promised in agreeing to appoint a committee of one hundred to arrange for the ceremony. He was requested to do so by a representative committee of citizens. The first settlement on Manhatten was established November, 1683.

SERVIAN INFANTRYMEN

Comparison Favorable to Canada

Winnipeg, Man.—Figures just published as a result of recent investigations serve to throw valuable light upon the matter of subdivisions and townsite projects in Western Canada. It appears, for instance, that Winnipeg now has a population of about twelve persons per acre inside the corporate limits, the present area being 15,000 acres. There are yet 70,000 acres to be taken into the corporation; and with the enlarged area there should be room for a million inhabitants, the figure that appears likely to be reached within the coming 15 years. This would mean an aggregate area for the city at the end of that period of 85,000 acres. In comparison with these figures it is shown that New York City, for instance, has at the present time some 85,000 acres of vacant land in addition to the areas built upon and occupied for business and residential purposes. Similar conditions, it appears, prevail in other leading American cities where no question has been raised as to the standing of the subdivisions. It is also shown according to figures given out by the Merchants' Association of New York, that the municipal debt of that city is now over 1,037 million dollars, or several millions more than the entire American National debt. The figures stated are regarded as a telling reply to the frequently repeated charges hinting at recklessness and high finance in the case of certain Canadian municipalities.

Forty-one Hours in the Air

Berlin.—J. de Francis, who is representing the Royal Aero Club in the Gorden Bennett balloon race, which started from Stuttgart, has landed at Kronstadt, near the Roumanian frontier, after being in the air for forty-one hours.

Salvation by Fashion

Berlin.—According to Professor Troetisch, rector of Marburg University, the obedience of women to the dictate of fashion is a healthy sign of esthetic culture which saves the human race from moral suicide.

Rescued in the Nick of Time

Vancouver.—Five days and nights without sleep, three days' without water to drink, wet to the skin during the whole of that period on a helpless waterlogged, dismasted schooner, and then, when hope had been abandoned and the men crowded into the only remaining small boat with huge seas carrying them into the rugged shores of Vancouver Island, the welcome smoke of the Canadian fisheries cutter William Joliffe hove in sight, and nine sailors were snatched from the jaws of death.

This was the experience of the crew of the American schooner E. K. Wood whose members arrived here this morning. The schooner was abandoned a wreck on the Vancouver Island coast. She had a cargo of lumber out of Bellingham, bound for San Pedro, Califf., and had sailed November 9.

Hurricane in Jamacia

Kingston, Jamacia.—The western end of the island of Jamacia has been devastated by a hurricane lasting for five days. A great tidal wave has swept over both the north and the south coast, practically wiping out the town of Savanna La Mar and Lucea, both towns of considerable importance.

According to a report brought by a steamer, 42 persons were killed at Montego Bay. The coast roads have been wrecked along the southwestern coast, and incalculable damage has been done.

The latest reports indicate that the tidal wave swept over Savanna La Mar and adjacent villages for a quarter of a mile inland. The effects of the hurricane extended along the coast eastward to Black River, about twenty-five miles from Savanna La Mar, where the residential quarter was wrecked.

Geneva.—Three persons have died in the Canton Vaud, Switzerland, and many others are suffering from the effects of taking snuff which was found to contain 3 per cent of lead.

THE MARKET REPORT

Weekly Grain Letter Supplied by Thompson, Sons & Co., Grain Merchants Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 19.—The course of the wheat markets during the past week has been steadily and heavily downward with the exception of a slight upward reaction yesterday caused by reports of unfavorable weather in the Argentine and another spurt of apprehension over the political situation in Europe owing to the landing of men from the British war vessels at Constantinople to protect the British and United States embassies in that city. This access of strength was very short lived in markets on this side of the Atlantic. Yesterday owing to the above strengthening reports Liverpool after opening easy and slightly lower than the previous close, had a sharp advance at the close and closing cables came ⅜c. to ⅞c. higher. This caused the United States and Winnipeg markets to advance and hold strong in face of very bearish weekly statistics, and they closed with an advance for the day of ⅝c. in the United States markets and ½c. in Winnipeg. Today with better weather reports from the Argentine and less apprehension over the political situation, Liverpool was ¼c. to ¼c. lower, but continental markets were all stronger and closed with advances of ⅜c. and ⅞c. per bushel. Markets on this side opened slightly lower then advanced ½c. to ⅝c. and held steady and seemingly firm for the most part of the session, but towards the close heavy selling started in Chicago and owing to pure lack of buyers all markets began to sag down, with the result that stop-loss orders were soon reached, and the markets were flooded with selling orders from which buyers backed away and in the efforts to sell prices were forced down 1⅝c. to 2c. under yesterday's close, but recovered about ⅜c. to ½c. by the time the closing gong sounded. Thus on the week we find there has been a decline of from 4c. to 4¼c. in Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth, and a decline of 3c. to 3¼c. in our Winnipeg market. This brings prices for wheat in the markets of the North-American continent to lower figures than have been recorded since May 1907, five and a half years ago. Six years ago today, November 19th, 1906, the following were the closing prices of December and May wheat in the principal markets:

	Dec.	May
New York	82½	85
Chicago	74	79⅛
Minneapolis ..	78¼	81
Duluth	78⅛	80⅞
Winnipeg	73⅝	77½

We hope that we shall not see these prices repeated this season but it is not an impossibility if the world's crop prospects should continue in the direction of providing a supply above normal current requirements. The world's wheat crop of 1906 was the largest on record up to that time and was estimated in round figures at 3400,000,000 bushels. The world's crops of 1907 and 1908 were each estimated at 3100,000,000 bushels which doubtless did not of themselves provide enough for each year's requirements and hence there were restricted and dwindling supplies and higher prices, and at the same time gradually increasing consumption. High prices stimulated increased acreage under wheat and average crop conditions over the world (for while some parts might have short crops, others had large crops) as a whole, brought the crops of 1909 and 1910 up to 3600,000,000 bushels each. The production for 1911 showed some decrease in the aggregate, and was estimated at 3,567,000,000 bus. Those last three years have been record years of world's wheat production and now comes the crop of 1912 larger than any of them, likely to turn out 370,000,000 bus. If no serious failure comes over the Argentine, Australian and Indian crops, now growing, and part of them nearing harvest. Besides this as we have frequently mentioned, there has been abundance of other grains, roots and fodder crops raised especially in the United States. The stimulus to demand caused by the war in Europe has done a great deal in the past seven weeks to keep up prices, otherwise the decline would have been more gradual, because the fact of its coming would have been more easily recognized by everyone directly interested in the wheat trade, for it is only the natural adjustment of prices to a largely increased supply compared to what has obtained in the last three years. The weather over the United States and Western Canada has for some weeks now been mostly favorable for seasonable farm operations, and the threshing and marketing of grain has progressed freely. In the United States the primary receipts of wheat since July 1st to date have been 183,353,000 bus. against 116,134,000 bus. In same period last year, an increase this year of 67,219,000 bus. Last week the United States visible supply showed an increase of 6,670,000 bushels, but this last increase was partly caused by including in the visible certain stocks of wheat in store Buffalo, which previously it had been the custom not to include. The aggregate United States visible is now 52,036,000 bushels compared with 67,921,000 a year ago. Others of the weekly statistics are also very bearish in their character. The world's shipments for the week were 14,864,000 bushels compared with only 7,520,000 bushels a year ago. The quantity on ocean passage increased 1,800,000 bushels on the week and now totals 39,752,000 bushels against 30,544,000 bushels a year ago. The world's visible supply according to Bradstreets increased for the week 8,635,000 bushels against a decrease of 1,334,000 bushels a year ago. The Argentine crop prospect continues good, although there are some complaints about having rain in the North where it is not wanted and dry weather in the south where rain is needed. Beneficial rains have fallen in Australia, and in India the new crop prospect is regarded hopefully. The new winter wheat crop in the United States is high in condition at this date. In Europe the seeding of the new winter wheat is about completed and its general condition at this date is a fair average for the time of year.

In our Winnipeg market there has been considerable activity during the week, for receipts are large, the weather being favorable for movement, and only three weeks at the longest to the close of navigation. A large amount of vessel space is chartered to load at the Lake ports, but what with stormy weather on the lakes, strikes among Railway employees, and congestion of the traffic at some points, especially at Buffalo, exporters and shippers are having a trying season in getting grain forwarded. Prices go with the trend of the market from day to day and the decline is hitting the western farmer rather hard. Owing to the heavy movement from the West and the slower movement eastward from Fort William, congestion at the terminals is taking place to such an extent that the C.P.R. is compelled to check the western movement by temporarily refusing to supply cars at certain points. Today's cash prices for cars en-route past Winnipeg are: 1 Northern, 81½c, 2 Nor., 78½c; 3 Nor., 75½c; lower grades not quoted. Alberta Red Winter, No. 1, 82c; A.R. No. 2, 79c; A. R. No. 3, 76c. Spot wheat is worth ½c. to ¾c. over these quotations. Futures closed November 82⅜-½c; December, 79¼c.-⅜c., May 84¼.

Oats—

There is still a fair demand for oats but prices are lower and so irregular that quotations for cash oats are not given. Futures closed November 33¼c; December 31½c; May 33½c.

Barley—

The barley market has broken badly and buyers are off the market. Spot No. 3 barley sold at 49c. today.

Flax—

The flax market is also demoralized and buyers of cash flax are off the market temporarily. Futures closed November 121c; December 112c; May 117c.

All prices mentioned above are based on delivery in store Fort William, Port Arthur and Duluth.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON IX —FOURTH QUARTER DEC. 1, 1912

Text of the Lesson, Mark ix, 14-29 Memory Verses 28-29.—Golden Text Mark ix, 23 (R.V.)—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

For a little while heaven and earth had touched in a new way, by those who had once lived on earth, but had been long absent from it, one by death and one by translation. When the risen and translated saints shall be reigning with Christ in His kingdom (Rev. v. 9, 10; xx, 4) this will probably be the ordinary, everyday occurrence everywhere, the New Jerusalem from heaven and the one on earth in perfect accord, the glorified church and redeemed Israel the heavenly and earthly centers of His kingdom, when a king shall reign in righteousness and the work of righteousness shall be peace and the nations shall learn war no more (Isa. xxxii, 1, 17; ii, 4).

As the devil was in control at the foot of the mountain when Jesus and His disciples came down and the disciples there could not conquer him, so it shall be when Jesus Christ shall come in His glory; then He shall bind the strong man, whom the church cannot cast out, and shut him up in the pit and take control of his property, for till then the whole world shall continue in the wicked one as the prince of this world. Let those who would understand take the trouble to ponder, with prayer and meekness and submission to the word of God, the following passages, for it is all important to understand this present age, its ruler and his doom: I John, v. 19, R.V.; John xiv, 30; II Cor. iv. 4; Eph. ii, 2; II Thess. ii, 7-10; Dan. vii, 25; xi. 35, 36; xii, 1, 10; Rev. xiii, 7-8; xvii, 14; xix, 19-20; xx, 1-5.

Turning back from this faraway look to the particular incidents of the lesson, we note that it is not in order for us to continue too long in any place of special privilege when there is work to be done and people in distress needing us at the foot of the hill. Special times and places of special revelations of Himself to us are to fit us to be better witnesses unto Him with increasing victory over the world, the flesh and the devil. If the prayer meeting, the Bible class, the Bible conference and such times and places of fellowship with Him do not enable us, in the days following to show more of His presence and power in the home, the place of business, the social life, where is the benefit? People say: I was so blessed, I had such an uplift, it did me so much good. Well, thank God, but now show it in your life and you won't need to tell it, and if your life does not show it, better say nothing about it. The spirit through James teaches us that faith that is mere talk amounts to nothing; there must be works corresponding to our faith for the sake of those who do not understand.

John says: My little children, let us not love in word, neither in tongue, but in deed and in truth. (Jas. ii; I John iii). The story of this demoniac boy is written briefly in Matthew and Luke, but most fully in Mark. Luke tells us that he was an only child and that when he was healed Jesus delivered him again to his father (Luke ix, 36, 42). An only child given to Jesus' hands is given back better than when He received him, made perfectly whole. He is the same yesterday, today and forever, this same Jesus.

Take in this scene as well as you can—a great multitude, a distressed father, a sorely afflicted only child, some disciples of Jesus truly saved who had on other occasions wrought miracles but now are helpless. They could not cure him.

Did you ever see yourself, a true follower of Jesus, yet powerless to show something of Him to those who know Him not and unable to help those who need help? Did you say from the heart: Why could not I? And did you hear Him say: Because of your unbelief? (Matt. xvii, 20). And have you been wondering since if you really knew what it means to have faith in God? Then what about the prayer and fasting necessary in some cases? Oh, how much there is to learn, and how many seem to have a dumb spirit or an evil spirit of some kind, that seems too often to control us.

Bring him hither to me, is about what He said concerning the bread when He fed the thousands. Come unto me, is His cry to all the weary and heavy laden and we may well say: Lord, to whom shall we go but unto Thee? (Matt. xi, 28; John vi, 68). This evil spirit had long sought to destroy this child and now he made a last effort. The devil has always been and still is a destroyer, a devourer, a murderer, but the Lord is the life giver, the deliverer, the Saviour.

Hear the father's cry: If thou canst do anything. His disciples failed, Could He do better? People who do not know the Lord judge Him by His followers. Are we bringing Him honor or reproach? Jesus said unto him: If thou canst believe, all things are possible to him that believeth, (verse 23). Lord, I believe, cried the father. Jesus rebuked the spirit and commanded him to come out of him. Ere he did so he rent him sore and left him as one dead, but he departed out of him. Jesus took him by the hand and lifted him up, and he arose and was cured from that very hour. Our Lord does not give the same power to all, but to each one severally as He will.

CZARINA MAKES VOW

Implores St. Nicholas to Restore Her Son to Health

Rome.—By direction of the czarina a woman of her court has visited the shrine of St. Nicholas at Bari, southern Italy during the past few days, and caused a vow to be made to the saint for the recovery of her son.

St. Nicholas is the patron saint of Russia, and is also regarded as the special protector of children. Santa Claus is a corruption of the Dutch form St. Nicholas, which went to the new world with the Dutch colonists and returned to England in its new familiar form.

"Virginia of Washington"

And the Man Who Made a Fight For Her.

By ELEANOR AUSTIN HARRIS.

"Hasn't he nice blue eyes?" said Miss Dressel.

"Horrors, child! Don't you say such things out loud! What if he should understand English?"

"Impossible, Aunt Ellen. German bloodiness, reading a German paper, traveling in a German train with baggage marked 'A. von S., Bremen.'"

"Virginia! What does possess you? I never heard you talk so."

Miss Dressel laughed a hearty American laugh. "I am so glad to shake the dust of Europe off my feet that I can't keep it in. I'm so glad we're headed for Hamburg, the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, America and Washington that—that—well, honestly I should like to kick the epaulets off the guard's gorgeous blue and gold uniform. Don't faint, Aunt Ellen. I'll stop and not say another word for an hour."

For an hour and five minutes Miss Dressel sat silent, ostensibly watching the valleys, the German gables, the green of meadows and forests, as they swept by. For an hour and five minutes their young German fellow traveler read his German paper, and for an hour and five minutes Miss Ellen Vanstrum enjoyed perfect peace of mind. Then Miss Dressel coughed, and Miss Vanstrum inwardly caught her breath.

"Aunt Ellen," said Miss Dressel, lazily waving her hand toward the scenery as if she were discussing it—"Aunt Ellen, do you know that young man has a dreadfully nice face, even if he is a German. Oh, don't look shocked. Just gaze out the window as if I were talking about the scenery, and he will never know the difference. I've been looking at him off and on for the last hour. Just see what a nice firm mouth he has. He's so well groomed too. Just look at his finger nails. Oh, Aunt Ellen, I wish you wouldn't gasp so. I like his looks better than any foreigner I have seen in the five years we have spent in Europe. Really, I shouldn't mind being married if I could get such a handsome, well groomed man as he is."

"Virginia, oh, Virginia!" groaned Mrs. Vanstrum. "It's—it's indecent to talk about a man like that when he can't understand."

"Don't jiggle your pompadour crooked, Aunt Ellen," said Miss Dressel calmly. "Don't worry. If he understood English he would have betrayed himself long ago. He might be a chunk of pink and white and yellow taffy for all he understands of the English language. Thank goodness, Aunt Ellen, here we are almost at Hamburg. Here, let me tie your veil. You are getting it on crooked. No, let me carry the suit case. It's a young house. Now for my last fee—almost—on foreign soil."

The train had hardly come to a long screeching stop in the great station at Hamburg when the door of the carriage was jerked violently open and a young man pulled the German out with a hearty grip, exclaiming in English:

"We're in luck. There was a stateroom unengaged on the Kaiser Wilhelm, and we can sail four days earlier than we expected. Good luck, man! Why don't you say something instead of looking at me like a dazed idiot?"

The German pulled himself together with a noticeable effort and began to stammer out something in German, when the other interrupted him impatiently.

"Aw, cut that out! You know perfectly well I can't understand a word of German. Never mind; come along!"

The young German flushed red, and with one appealing look straight into the eyes of the astonished Miss Dressel he picked up his suit case and was soon lost to view in the hurrying throng.

Miss Dressel silently picked up her luggage, carefully avoiding her aunt's eye, and for a minute after leaving the carriage she looked helplessly about her. Then the label "Berlin" on a carriage caught her eye, and without a word to her puzzled relative she took her by the arm, raced her across the station and pushed her in, stumbling in herself, just as the guard put his hand on the door to close it.

"Why—what—where"— said Miss Vanstrum.

"I don't know," said her niece desperately, "but most anywhere out of Hamburg."

"But our steamer!" gasped Miss Vanstrum.

"What's losing a steamer, Aunt Ellen, compared with my peace of mind? I'd no more sail on the Kaiser Wilhelm now than I'd fly. Aunt Ellen, you're a jewel not to say, 'I told you so,' nor even to look it."

"You haven't given me time," laughed Miss Vanstrum, "but I must say I certainly think it. There, I'm glad we're off at last. I don't think I myself care to come face to face with that young fellow again."

* * * * * * * *

It was the evening of the last musicale of the season at the White House, and an unwonted air of anticipation pervaded the brilliant throng as it gathered in the great east room.

"They say she has one of the finest voices ever heard off the stage," said the wife of a South American diplomat. "But the family is one of the kind they call here 'F. F. V.' and will not let her accept any of the offers she has had for grand opera. This is her only appearance in public since she returned from Europe. There's Anton von Stosch. Did you ever see any one so eager to go everywhere as that man is? He's simply crazy about meeting Americans."

"American women strangers, you should say," laughed a man wearing the cross of the Legion of Honor. "You can get Tony von Stosch to go anywhere just by hinting that some 'new girls' will be there."

"They say at the German legation that by actual count Tony von Stosch has met 800 'new girls' since the season opened. And he's still going."

As the ripple of merriment greeting this expression of the well known foible of the popular Anton von Stosch died away some one said: "Hush! The program begins."

For some time Anton von Stosch watched the artists come and go, his face wearing an unwonted look of weariness and discouragement. For months he had sought diligently for the two American women who called Washington their home, who had been his fellow travelers from Berlin to Hamburg on that fateful August day. More than once he had followed a lithe, active girl with glinting chestnut hair, only to find it was a stranger instead of "Virginia of Washington," as he had come to call her. Day after day, night after night, he had followed the whirl of the social wheel, but never had he found a clew to their identity. He had spent hours poring over the city directory, but never a young Virginia nor an elderly Ellen proved to be the first bearers of the names he had met so oddly.

As a ripple of enthusiastic applause greeted the appearance of the star of the evening Anton von Stosch raised his eyes and then grew rigid as he saw "Virginia of Washington" in the flesh, smiling acknowledgment to the enthusiasm. One long look to assure himself it was really she, and Anton von Stosch sat back in his chair with folded arms and a look of content upon his face such as it had not worn in all the months since he had arrived at the German legation. No sooner was the program ended than he made his way to the blue room where Miss Dressel was holding court and without delay sought an introduction.

"Oh!" said Miss Dressel, her hand poised halfway toward his. "Why—oh, I'm glad to meet you, I'm sure," she ended lamely as she saw her exclamation and gesture had attracted attention. Anton von Stosch looked straight into her eyes as he took her hand.

"I am glad to meet you—again," he said quietly. "I have hunted this town over to find you. May I call tomorrow?"

"I—I—oh, I really don't know," said Miss Dressel. Then she began to laugh almost hysterically. "It's all too absurd—and I can't talk about it now—and please don't get offended, but I was so surprised and"—

"I'll wait," said Anton von Stosch, quietly falling back. "It is quite enough to know that I have found you at last."

Though he spoke no more to her that evening, Miss Dressel was well aware that he followed her from group to group and from room to room, as if fearful of losing sight of her. As the door of her carriage was snapped shut his face appeared in the opening, and he said quietly, but firmly:

"I shall do myself the honor to call upon you tomorrow afternoon."

Had Anton von Stosch been less eager or determined he would have waited until the conventional hour of calling and possibly have missed Miss Dressel for his conventionality, but as it was he arrived so early and unexpectedly upon the scene that he was ushered into the library, where she sat.

"I don't know how they do things in America," he said after the first greetings, "but I'm not going to lose any more time. I desire much that you should be my wife," he said simply, dropping unconsciously into the German idiom.

Miss Dressel had seen the night before just what the intentions of Anton von Stosch were, and she had been trying to make up her mind whether to let the affair run its course or to evade the issue by another flight. She was taken wholly unawares by the expeditiousness of his attack.

"But I've only seen you three times in my life!" she gasped. "I can't consider anything of the kind from a man I know so little as that."

"You don't love another?" said Anton von Stosch, growing pale.

"No," said Miss Dressel, "but"—

"Then I'll make my fight," said Anton von Stosch, "and I mean to win. It's life or death to me, and no man who is a man will give up his life without a struggle."

That was the beginning of one of the prettiest courtships that ever crossed the horizon of Washington life, and since Anton von Stosch was a gentleman as well as a man of promise in his chosen career the June wedding bells rang merrily over smiles and happiness and genuine good wishes.

Mixed Identity.

Here is a case of mixed identity—two Dromios who recently were of the dramatis personnae in a Berlin criminal court. Two men, Frey and Fritsch, friends, bore a confusing resemblance to each other. Frey, for some offense, had been sentenced to three months' imprisonment. He was engaged to be married, and Fritsch, passing himself off as the culprit, served the sentence. Then things went wrong between Frey and his sweetheart, Fraulein Borck. She told the authorities of the trick, and now Fritsch has been sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment on his own account.

PHEASANT NURSERIES.

These in French Forest Equal Institutions For Human Beings.

To Louis XIV. France is said to be indebted for the importation of its pheasants, writes Lillie Hamilton French in the Century. On that side of the forest Compiegne nearest to Compiegne itself is a faisanderie covering many hundreds of acres in which the breeding of these birds, begun under his protection and further encouraged by Charles X. and Louis Philippe, is now carried on by a private person, who rents his right to do so from the state.

I have never seen a place so shut in and protected by wire fences and locked gates, stone walls and more gates, special guards in special houses, police dogs, guns and traps. There is even a thick kind of double mattress made to cover the guards, who in winter must sleep out of doors in watching for poachers. I have never seen institutions for human beings better planned in the way of nurseries and attendants, hygienic laws and systems of feeding.

The pheasants when finally shot must have a wonderful flavor, and in a single day as many as a thousand are often shot within those walls, each one of the thousand having cost its owner the sum of 40 francs to raise.

GARRICK'S MOBILE FACE.

It Drove Sir Joshua Reynolds Into a Fit of Temper.

This story of an artist's despair while working on Garrick's portrait is often printed, but it is reproduced in "David Garrick and His French Friends," with a footnote saying that the experience was made the material for a French vaudeville sketch:

"It was no easy task to transfer to the canvas features so changeable. Garrick, as a model, threw painters into despair. Let us listen a moment to Northcote relating Sir Joshua Reynolds' experiences:

"When the artist had worked on the face till he had drawn it very correctly, as he saw it at the time, Garrick caught an opportunity, while the painter was not looking at him, totally to change his countenance and expression, when the poor painter patiently worked on to alter the picture and make it like what he then saw, and when Garrick perceived that it was thus altered he seized another opportunity and changed his countenance to a third character, which, when the poor tantalized artist perceived, he, in a great rage, threw down his palette and pencils on the floor, saying he believed he was painting from the devil and would do no more to the picture."

Creating a Vacancy.

When the republic had been set up in France in 1848, wrote the Baroness Bonde, the first attempts of the enfranchised people to use their new powers resulted in the election of the most miscellaneous assembly that had ever tried to govern a country. A member nominated from Rouen went to Paris and selected his seat. He had hardly taken it when his next neighbor turned and stared at him. The Rouen man, embarrassed, turned up his coat collar, but too late.

"Sir," said his lynx eyed colleague, "I believe I had the honor of sending you to the galleys for murder in 18—, when I was judge. You had strangled the servant of the cure who had brought you up and robbed the worthy man. Oblige me by resigning immediately."

The next day the moniteur announced that there was a vacancy for Rouen, but did not tell why.

Suicide and the Weather.

Suicide is most frequent in summer, when the air is clear and the sun shines. In Europe the maximum of suicides is reached in June and the minimum in December. Yet there are fewer suicides in the torrid than in the temperate zone. In the United States, in all seasons, there are more suicides on sunny days than on cloudy days. Some theorists reason that fine weather aggravates the mental depression of the unhappy by its contrasting sunshine. In dark weather there are few suicides and fewer in time of war or following some great catastrophe. During the first three months that follow a devastating earthquake there are fewer deaths by suicide than before the cataclysm.—Harper's.

The "Mikado."

Most people outside Japan are wont to speak of the "mikado," but really that title is obsolete. The Japanese never use that appellation themselves, and they do not like others to do so. Educated Japanese speak of their sovereign as "ohnojo sama," and the ordinary folk term him "tenshi sama." "Tenno" is the title used in all official documents, and for the foreigner the most correct form is "kotei"—that is, emperor.—Westminster Gazette.

A Facetious Convict.

"This confinement," said the long faced prison visitor, "must distress you greatly."

"Yes," replied the facetious convict; "I find the prison bars grating."

"Ah, life to you is a failure!"

"Yes; it's nothing but a cell."

The Retort Vicious.

The Ex-Hero—Ah, my boy, when I played Hamlet the audience took fifteen minutes to leave the house.

The Vicious Ex-Comedian (coldly)—Was he lame?—London Answers.

Life is made up of little things, and he that scorns them despises his own real interest.—Barlow.

ALUMINIUM WARE.

A Bag That Makes Cracking Ice Easy and Still Another Cooker.

Aluminium kitchen ware is no longer an innovation, but a necessity. The first obstacle to it, expense, no longer exists, and it is a foregone conclusion that it will replace tarnishable and heavier materials for kitchen utensils.

Scouring and polishing involve much labor, especially for the housewife with limited domestic service, and a ware that retains its luster with no more care than an occasional rub—and the new silver finish aluminium does this—is bound to appeal to women who pride themselves upon the appearance of their kitchens. Another factor in its favor is its lightness. A large teakettle in this ware weighed less than twelve ounces, while the combined weight of a kitchen outfit set of six pieces, a grater, a fish turner, a ladle, a strainer, a skimmer and a basting spoon (all as beautiful as the real silver articles), was but seven ounces, and when handled separately they appeared weightless. Everything imaginable for use in the kitchen and dining room is now obtainable in the new aluminium just out, its wearing qualities are admirable.

The clever idea of a woman is making a fortune for her. After ruining table napkins by breaking ice in them she made herself an ice cracking bag out of highest grade yacht duck—sailcloth, if you will—sturdy enough to stand the wear and tear, with drawing string of waterproof cord and a handy loop at the bottom to hang it up by. She then made some for her friends. Now she has a great big business, for physicians, nurses, those who enjoy cooling drinks and ices, have spread its fame, for a whack or two upon the ice tied securely in the bag break it nicely for ice cap, ice cream freezers and for the numerous things for which cracked ice is used. The bag is not to be destroyed by such use, and it washes perfectly. Its service is at least two years.

A new cooker for a gas stove top claims to use all heat produced for purposes of cooking and to prevent heat escaping into the room. It controls all heat produced by one burner, distributes it to three cooking centers, so that three articles in full sized or mixed sized utensils are cooked over one flame of gas, gasoline or blue flame oil stove. Little inset grate lids fit over the openings when they are to be used for toasting bread or for heating irons.

The New Fitted Coat.

Loose coats are being displaced by semifitting models which define the figure curves quite decidedly.

This new autumn suit of blue serge is trimmed with dotted velvet in blue

SUIT OF BLUE SERGE.

and white. The skirt is short enough to show the neat buttoned walking boot of patent leather.

To Revive Flowers.

The fashion for wearing the small, compact nosegays, with their holders of lace paper, is a pretty one. Many women despair of the fact that flowers quickly fade when worn by them.

An amateur gardener confided the secret which kept her bunch of violets fresh during an entire evening. The simple method was this:

About the stem of the bouquet had been wrapped a piece of waxed sandwich paper and tied with string. Over this was placed the tin foil used for flowers.

They kept beautifully fresh, and this fact is well worth knowing. Do this immediately when taking the nosegay from the water.

When Peeling Onions.

It is often a difficult matter to remove the unpleasant odor from the hands after having peeled onions.

If salt is rubbed over the hands and they are washed in cold water the odor will disappear.

IF YOU'RE REDECORATING.

Beautiful New Materials For Furniture and Wall Coverings.

Wonderfully beautiful materials for covering furniture, for hangings and for wall coverings are now being shown by the interior decorating shops this fall. There are some shops which have a great many fabrics manufactured for their own use in addition to those which they import, and these shops will also have dyed to suit their patrons any fabric which they have, provided it does not already harmonize with some particular color scheme.

Tudor silks in plain and figured designs are extremely fashionable for hangings in bedrooms and libraries. The plain Tudor silks are a little iridescent, the figured silks are stamped with designs in the same colors, but of different tone, so that they give a subtly iridescent effect. The material is pure silk, gauzelike in quality and marvelous in color. The mauve silk is peculiarly lovely. The material is fifty inches wide, and the prices range from $2.25 to $3 a yard.

Striped taffetas are among the most beautiful of the fashionable draperies. The stripes are about five inches wide, and the colors are cream and apple green, cream, and pink, mauve and gray and cream and blue, all of the tones of color being the soft and quaint shades familiar in the prettier paintings. The taffetas are fifty inches wide. They are used principally in bedrooms, although they are also charming for a drawing room.

DAINTIES FOR THE SICK.

A Delicious Gruel and Mutton Broth For the Invalid.

In successful cooking for the sick daintiness is an essential quality. It is better to carry too small a quantity of food to the patient than to nauseate him with the sight of too much.

Gruel, from which the patient frequently turns away with a feeling of disgust, can be made quite tempting.

Indian meal gruel should be cooked nearly an hour. Let a quart of water come to a boil, mix a tablespoonful of flour and two of meal with a little cold water and stir it into the boiling water. When it has boiled half an hour season with salt and let boil fifteen minutes, being careful not to let it scorch on the bottom. After removing from the fire add four tablespoonfuls of sweet cream and serve in the prettiest cup you have, with a saucer and teaspoon.

Nice mutton broth is made from a pound of the neck, removing all fat and cutting the lean into small pieces. Put the meat into a quart of cold water, watch carefully and skim as soon as it begins to boil. Then add a tablespoonful of pearl barley or rice, cover tightly and let simmer for three hours. Season with salt and pepper, strain and serve.

How She Managed It.

The heaps of rubbish left by the workmen who had built Mr. Hall's house were a source of constant annoyance to Mrs. Hall. They were unsightly, and she was most eager to have them removed.

"We can't have them carted away," she said almost daily to her husband, "for we've already spent more than we can afford, and it would be impossible to burn such a mass."

One night on his return from town Mr. Hall found his wife smiling and cheerful.

"I've thought it all out, Herbert. You must dig a hole. You can do it nights and mornings."

Mr. Hall made an inarticulate sound, which his wife interpreted in her own way.

"Why, you have lots of time! And aren't there Saturday afternoons?"

Mr. Hall said he supposed that there were. Yes, there must be Saturday afternoons. He felt sure of it.

"Well, that part is settled," said Mrs. Hall. "Now all you've got to do is go ahead and dig."

"Yes," said Mr. Hall; "but there is one thing you haven't thought of. I shall dig out a lot—a pile of dirt as big as the pile of rubbish. What are we going to do with that?"

"Oh," Mrs. Hall concluded happily, "you can make the hole big enough to hold both the rubbish and the dirt."

An Attractive Dessert.

To make chocolate mold take four heaping tablespoonfuls of grated sweet chocolate, says Table Talk; one tablespoonful of sugar, one cupful of custard, half a cupful of milk, one heaping tablespoonful of powdered gelatin, one cupful of whipped cream and one teaspoonful of lemon juice.

Dissolve the gelatin with the boiling water, remove from the fire, add the

CHOCOLATE MOLD.

chocolate and mix together the custard, sugar, lemon juice and fold in whipped cream. Pour into a wet ring mold. Turn out when set and fill the center with whipped and sweetened cream flavored with one teaspoonful of vanilla extract.

Mustard.

When mixing mustard for table use it is much improved if milk instead of water is used. A small pinch of salt added to it brings out the flavor.

MABEL'S CHITCHAT

Artistic Possibilities of the Japanese Blue and White Towel.

AN UNUSUAL COUNTERPANE.

A Popular Novelist's Characterization of a Man Who Always Made Himself a Nuisance by Persistently Trying to Be Funny.

Dear Elsa—Don't you just love the little blue and white towels that come from the mikado's land? And the fascinating things that can be made with them? Why, a whole volume could be written about their possibilities.

The majority of us know the little blue and white towels of the Japanese peasant only as a bit of two toned decoration. One there is, a clever woman, here in this town, who has discovered several rather unusual uses to which they can be put.

She works up into her schemes the towels that are thirteen inches wide and decorated with bamboo and chrysanthemum designs that are about a yard long.

The first thing this clever woman made was an awfully good looking working. One towel was long enough for both sides. The design fortunately was one that was not ruined by being cut in half. As the cotton was sleazy she lined the bag with thin muslin.

Two pieces of cotton served as drawstrings, and a few points of anatolian lace, or fringe, made a charming finish across the bottom.

This bag was such a success that she further experimented and decided to do up her room in blue and white, using nothing but the Japanese towels for furnishings. The bureau and table scarfs were made of them, joined together with a fagoting stitch, and both were trimmed about the edges with the anatolian lace.

The counterpane, made of white muslin and cut long enough to cover the bolster, was bordered with toweling, and extremely pretty it was, this blue and white spread. The short window curtains were trimmed across the bottom with bands of Japanese toweling.

The couch cushions were all covered with toweling in as great a variety of designs as possible. Of course the rug was blue and white, and the wall paper matched.

Another experiment was made that turned out equally as well as the Japanese room treatment. A perfectly plain white frock was bought. It was made of the rough material that looks as if you had cut up your bath sheet to save expense. The skirt was faced on the right side with a border of toweling, belt and sash were made of the same fabric, and a part of the blue design was ingeniously worked into the collar and cuffs. It was a stunning frock and one quite worth while keeping in mind as a suggestion for next summer's wardrobe.

I reckon, Elsa, we have all suffered from the facetiousness of the would be funny man, and the other day I read a perfectly lovely description of his like in a story by Mary Stewart Cutting. Here are a few specimens of his wit that I am sure you will enjoy:

"Mr. Brentwood was well born, well educated and successful in affairs. He had in the eyes of his family only one fault—he had a masculine sense of humor of a homely rural type, at which his family winced uncontrollably. Mrs. Brentwood, even from the earliest days of her marriage, had been wont to implore her Theodore when they were expecting company not to be 'funny.'

"Certain jokes or mannerisms of his at table were of daily occurrence. He always said, 'People come for miles around to hear us drink soup.' He jovially inquired if he might borrow the 'butter' or if Ellen, the waitress, could 'spare him another piece of bread.' He made puns on the vegetables, and he had a habit of looking with sudden suspicion at any dish handed to him, no matter how familiar, and asking disgustedly, 'What is this anyway?' Strangers always inspired him particularly to their entertainment. Certain ancient anecdotes could be endured by his wife with a certain calm, but there was a bathtub story (Mr. Brentwood had in his early boyhood migrated with his parents to what was then the edge of the prairie) beginning mendaciously, 'You know, we never took baths when I was a boy,' that, though it was amusing, nearly went beyond the pale of refinement. If people laughed at his stories Mr. Brentwood became almost untrammeled.

"Another common table remark by Mr. Brentwood was that he never had any use for potato salad because cold potatoes reminded him of cold feet. It was also his habit to admonish people to 'eat slowly and distinctly.'"

Haven't you suffered from the effects of Mr. Brentwood's wit? It has been the fate of yours devotedly,

MABEL.

Helps For the Housekeeper.

To remove the odor of onions or fish from china dishes, silverware or kitchen utensils first wash them in cold water and then in the usual way with hot water and soap. You can also cleanse milk bottles and glasses better by the above method. If the odor of onions remains upon your hands also wash first in cold water.

Now that the preserving season is at hand here are a few suggestions: It is not necessary to heat the sugar in making jelly. When the juice is ready for the sugar pour in gradually, then stir well and boil for four or five minutes.

20p.c. Off **REEVES** 20p.c. Off

General Store

Our Stocktaking Cash Sale is now on FOR 2 WEEKS ONLY

In order to prune down our stock as far as possible before the season is too far advanced and also to get ready for Stocktaking we have decided to give twenty cents off every dollar on Gent's Furnishingss, Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes

Here are a few of our Articles:

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Gent's Furnishings
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Men's Suits, Sanford Sovereign Brand
Youths do. do. do.
Boy's do. do. do.
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do. Mackinaw Coats, do.
do. Lined Mitts and Gloves
do. Fur Lined Caps
do. Underwear Stanfields
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General Store, Vulcan

The Stocktaking Sale--Votes will be given in Piano Contest as usual

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On Friday, December 13,

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TICKETS $1.25. SUPPER SERVED

Everybody Cordially Invited to Attend

C. B. SHIMP

Local News of Interest

R. A. Blum, of the Remington Typewriter Co., was in town for a day last week.

A. J. Knox, who recently visited for a couple of weeks in Minnesota, returned last week.

The Charter Implemen. Company have moved their implement building to a new location on the corner of Neptune and Railway streets, and have enlarged it one story.

No need to send away for Christmas goods. You can purchase all kinds of toys, dolls, story books, etc., at the drug store. Also toilet cases, jewel boxes. High class chocolates in fancy boxes.

Terry & Flood, contractors, are engaged in constructing a large cement shed for the Crown Lumber company, a store for Druggist Jones, warehouse for H. L. Richardson and others.

A Musicale is one of the features on the program for Sunday's services on the 8th of Dec. Altogether this service will be exceptionally fine and no one can afford to miss it. Everybody cordially invited to attend.

The Fowl Supper, given by the Ladies Aid, on the 28th of Nov. was served to a large attendance. Two tables, reaching the entire length of the hall held the bountiful repast. Numerous articles, all hand made were sold to the visitors, and altogether about $100.00 was realized from the entertainment.

Standing of Candidates

Last week Messrs. LeBow and Mills again consented to count the votes in the Piano contest, and the results was changed as will be seen:

Gertie Rutten	45340
Retta Seaman	33690
Eugene Dunham	1900
Jean Ferguson	25030
Flossie Smith	24540
Mrs. J. A. Smith	9765
Grace Plumb	22515
Hazel Dole	24650
Minnie Hansen	9805
Ella Bowie	11420
Grace Marshall	6710
Rose Seidenthal	14440
Miss Doully	10600
Beatrice Pratt	10630
Hazel Howerton	23545
Mrs. R. M. Synge	11100
Ethel Peterman	8050
Geo. Irving	7000
Inez Earp	14040
Vera Duncan	6940
Dolly Robson	13300

R. N. A.

Mountain View Camp, Royal Neighbors of America, meets every second and fourth Saturday afternoon of each month at Hub hall. First degrees given on the first meeting of each month and second degrees on second meeting of each month. Visiting neighbors are welcome.

Mrs. Opal Schenk Oracle. Mrs. Clara Brown, Recorder

WANTED.

Girl to assist in Restaurant work. Apply to Mrs. Edwards, Champion.

FOUND.

On Thursday, October 31, a lady's hat in the yard of the Shaw boarding house. Owner can have same by calling at Mrs. Shaw's.

G. W. PETERKIN
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Four elevators
Gents.' furnishing store
Four implement houses
Two livery and feed stables
Forty-six room hotel
Two hardware stores
Two blacksmith shops
Two pool rooms
Three boarding houses
Two restaurants
Music store
Newspaper
Furniture store
Drug store
Two churches
Six real estate firms
Two garages
Two repair shops
Meat market
Electric lights
Two years growth
Population five hundred
Largest townsite on line
Three barbers
Harness shop
Bakery
Eight real estate companies
Laundries
Painter
Jewelry store
Photograph gallery
Land titles office
Experimental farm
Three lodges
Dentist
Doctor
Music teacher
Thrift

Vucan possess the largest townsite on the line.

Vulcan has the only Government experimental farm along the line.

Vulcan elevators will be able to handle at least 160,000 bushel of grain at one time.

Vulcan has the highest altitude of any town on the line, which means that frost is a rarity in the district.

Vulcan shipped car after car of No. 1 Northern.

Vulcan came off with first wheat at the Dry Farming Congress, said wheat being grown by a farmer a few miles to the east of town.

Vulcan has the only sub-agency for Dominion lands along the line.

Vulcan is noted far and wide as having the finest water between Lethbridge and Calgary.

Vulcan lying midway between Lethbridge and Calgary possesses an enviable market in each.

Vulcan contains a fifty room hotel, the largest on the line.

Vulcan has electric lights and a rural party telephone line.

Visitors From Afar

W. G. Chantler, Winnipeg.
C. P. Bensel, Spokane.
J. C. Frazier, Saskatoon.
E. E. Newman, Winnipeg.
G. McKessacher, Toronto.
James Mitchell, Toronto.
J. F. Chase, Portland, Ore.

LOST.

A Rexall fountain pen, finder leave same at the post-office and receive reward.

NOTICE

Marquis Wheat for sale. E. G McPherson, four miles east of Vulcan. $2.00 per bushel. 50c. down, balance when delivered.

Sold at Irvings'

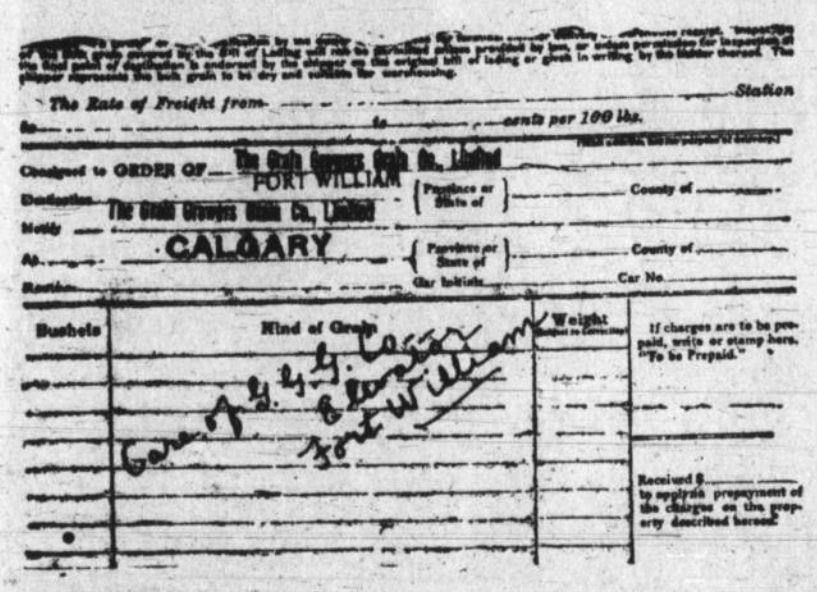
If you have never worn FIT-RITE clothes, you are not dressing to do yourself justice. You need not spend more. FIT-RITE clothes assures you of everything desirable to a well-dressed man—at a price you are able to pay.

FIT-RITE clothes are tailored clothes of notable quality. They reflect the present style features in vogue in London and in New York. They fit. Never have we known of a man, not acsually deformed, whom FIT-RITE clothes would not fit right.—— Your suit is ready—now.

Whicher AND **Glover**

VULCAN, ALBERTA

Your Car is Loaded
You are in Doubt, then
Fill in your Bill of Lading this way---



Mail it to us with a few lines of instructions and you will have no more worry. We will do the rest to your satisfaction.

The Grain Growers Grain Co. Ltd.

Calgary and Winnipeg

Calgary Office: LOUGHEED BUILDING

ADDRESS ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO CALGARY OFFICE

The Secret Marriage

By Alfred Wilson Barrett

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne & Toronto

(Continued)

Easton gave her a smile and half-crown. Thank you, he said, I may meet her; I am going in that direction.

That is the truth, he thought, as he made his way downstairs. I am! By George, I hope I manage to meet her. But it is getting rather dark.

It certainly was growing dark, and by the time he reached the Embankment it had become foggy, too. But Easton did not despair. He knew he should recognise Violet's graceful walk and figure if he passed anywhere near her, and he glanced keenly about him, through the fog which now almost hid the lighted advertisements on the other bank of the river, and made everything dim and uncertain.

He saw no sign of her, however; indeed, the Embankment, never very crowded, appeared deserted on that night, and as the time passed he began to wander along rather dreamily, letting his thoughts stray back to their last conversation. But his dreams were not to last long. Catastrophes come unexpectedly, and Easton was in the middle of one before he knew where he was.

For suddenly out of the fog and darkness in front of him came a scuffling noise, the sound of people struggling, and then a muffled cry.

Startled, and at a loss, Easton took a few quick strides forward, and as he moved the whir of a motor being started came sharply through the fog from somewhere in front of him.

Then the scuffling increased in violence, accompanied now by cries for help, and out of the darkness flashed the big headlights of a car, and Easton sprang hastily towards them. For in the splash of light cast by their powerful rays he could see one man, and that one but a small one, struggling desperately with four giants.

Hullo! cried Easton. Stop that, you cowards, and he swiftly charged to the rescue, sending one man flying, and receiving a heavy blow on the ear from another.

For a moment the struggle raged more violently than before, but his arrival had created a diversion, and the small man instantly took advantage of it. He tripped one of his opponents, jerked another artfully against a third, and darted quickly to the car. The driver, seeing him coming dashed in his clutch, scattering Easton and his enemies like so many rabbits, but the little man had one foot in the step and one hand on the wheel before the chauffeur had got in his second speed.

It looked as if he had escaped. Yet luck was on the side of the large battalions. The struggle made the car swerve badly. It zigzagged, mounted the pavement, skidded against a tree, and banged into the low parapet of the river, scraping violently along the wall. One moment the little man was hanging to the step, the next he was in the river, and the car, splintering trees and knocking over seats, made on to the road again and sped away.

The four men, dumbfounded, watched it for a second, and then with a shout they fled in different directions, leaving Easton alone in the darkness.

What the dev—! he began, and then remembering, he rushed to the parapet and peered down into the black waters.

Could the little man swim? Easton could, at all events, but not a sound came from below. The man might have been injured, possibly stunned, and there was only one thing to do. He kicked off his boots, hung his coat and waistcoat on the parapet and dived down into the inky water.

He did not take long to rise to the surface, coming up with his back to the wall and glancing keenly before him.

Poor wretch, he's gone, he thought, and then suddenly an iron hand seized him by the collar of his shirt and held him, splashing the water helplessly and struggling in vain to turn.

Hullo! he cried, startled, there you are. But let go, you fool, or we shall both be drowned!

He heard an exclamation of relief, and felt himself twisted round in the water. Oh, said the little man, whom the light showed to be holding a chain in one hand, while he grasped Easton's neck with the other. Did they scrape you off the car, too?

No, said Easton, but the effect was the same. I thought you had got hurt, or couldn't swim.

So you came in after me in the dark?

Yes. But why the deuce didn't you sing out?

The little man smiled. Well, I didn't know who you were when you came in, you see. That's a murdering crew, and you might have been one of them. But you're the sort of friend one likes to meet on a dark night, sir, and I thank you more than I can say at this moment. Are they all gone?

Yes, they fled as the wicked do, when no man pursueth. But let us get out of here, said the Major quickly.

That's easy. There are some steps up at the end of this chain. This way, said his new acquaintance.

And in a few minutes they were standing, shivering and dripping, by Easton's coat and boots.

Well, said Easton, as he scrambled as best he could into these articles, while his companion stamped up and down the pavement. I suppose I really am awake, but the whole thing has been uncommonly like a very rapid nightmare. Do you mind telling me what it is all about, and what you have all been up to?

The little man did not reply at once. He was peering around him here and there under the trees and beneath the overturned seat with a little pocket electric torch which he had fished out of his sodden pockets and which shed a brilliant glow.

He rejoined Easton in a moment. You had better get home quick, Major Easton, he said, or you'll be laid up and that would be a bad reward for a brave action. A brisk walk will be the best thing for you, and Victoria Street isn't far from here.

Easton turned and stared at him, but he was standing in the darkness and baffled scrutiny.

You know my name and where I live? he asked, hardly believing his ears.

I do now, sir, said the little man. I recognized you when you put your coat on under the lamp.

But I don't know you. Who are you? gasped the Major.

If you will add to what you have done for me tonight, and give me a drink and a warm for a few minutes at your rooms, I'll tell you all I can. But I must telephone first on the way. There is a public office not far along, down a turning on the right, returned his new acquaintance.

Easton, rather staggered, nodded. Come along, he said. I daresay I can manage a change for you, too. I liked the way you were holding your own just now, and your story ought to be worth hearing, I should imagine.

Heaven knows what it will be worth before it is ended, said his companion with a sigh, as they made their way along.

Easton waited outside the telephone office, which turned out to be in a tobacconist's shop, while the little man went in. He imagined that one wet person inside would attract enough attention for one evening. His companion quietly joined him again, and walking briskly, without further conversation, they retraced their steps along the Embankment, and arrived at the Major's flat.

The lift porter, unused to eccentricities on the Major's part, looked slightly astonished at the appearance of the two companions; but they met no one else, and they were soon warming themselves before the fire, which Easton had ordered Dick to light.

(To be Continued)

BABY LOVES HIS BATH

With

CUTICURA SOAP

No other keeps the skin and scalp so clean and clear, so sweet and healthy. Used with Cuticura Ointment, it soothes irritations which often prevent sleep and if neglected become chronic disfigurements. Millions of mothers use these pure, sweet and gentle emollients for every purpose of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp, free postpaid. Address: Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 27D, Boston, U. S. A.

W. N. U. 926

EXCHANGES

Fort Rouge, Winnipeg. 5 clear titled lots and some cash for wild or improved quarter or half section of western land.

30 Horse Power automobile and some clear title lots and cash for good improved half section.

3 fully modern houses centrally situated in Winnipeg well rented for western land.

Write us for list of choice Winnipeg investments, also for booklet on fortunes made in Winnipeg real estate which will interest you.

SCOTT, HILL & CO.,
22 Canada Life Building. Winnipeg, Man

YOUR HAIRS NUMBERED

Method Has Been Devised For Planting Scalps

Dr. Szekely Ferenez has devised a method for implanting hair into the scalps of bald-headed persons. In carrying out the process the scalp is first carefully cleansed and anesthetized with a solution of vovocaine. The operator uses a number of small hooks made of gold wire and in the eyelet of each hook a doubly folded hair is inserted. The hook is then pushed into the scalp with the aid of a Pravatz needle of which from 300 to 400 are in readiness all prepared with hook and hair and of course, thoroughly sterilized before use. When the needle has been pushed into the scalp it is turned at a right angle and then pulled out, leaving the hair under the skin fastened by the outstanding end of the hook. As at one sitting not more than from 300 to 400 hairs can be implanted, a full head of hair requires from twenty-five to forty sittings, assuming that from 10,000 to 20,000 hairs will cover a head. Dr. Szekely is sometimes able to apply the treatment every alternate day. If there is an inflammation around a hair this is pulled out and the inflammation promptly ceases.

Not the Same

Time was when he had been an officer in a rack regiment. But he had fallen on evil days. Now he was compelled by force of circumstances to resign his commission, and enlist in another regiment as a humble private. He found it, however, very hard to forget his former position, and when he was requested by a sergeant to hold his horse he remarked

Er—you—er—forget, sergeant, that I once held his Majesty's commission.

The sergeant looked at him in the cold and critical way that only a sergeant can.

Did you, my son? he asked. Well, you can just hold one of his Majesty's horses now.

A Pill for All Seasons.—Winter and summer in any latitude, whether in torrid zone or Arctic temperature, Paznelee's Vegetable Pills can be depended upon to do their work. The dyspeptic will find them a friend always and should carry them with him everywhere. They are made to withstand any climate and are warranted to keep their freshness and strength. They do not grow stale, a quality not possessed in many pills now on the market.

Stranger—Could you help a poor fellow whose wife and children are thirsty?

Jones—Why are they thirsty?

Stranger—Why, we just got a case of beer from a kind lady, but we ain't got no money to buy a corkscrew, see?

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

Owing to the rapid growth of business in the city of Edmonton the freight offices of the Grand Trunk Pacific there have become inadequate necessitating the move which has just been accomplished to large and more pretentious quarters. The old building will be devoted to the Grand Trunk Cartage and the various foremen for the present.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed for ever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Livestock Means Success

On nearly every farm livestock raising is merely a side line when it should be the main thing. There is no place where the farmer can market his corn and roughage so profitable as feeding it to good livestock, says the Kansas Farmer. The market is right at home in the feed lot and no long hauls to town are necessary. If a farmer can feed the 60 cent corn to good hogs which will pay him 80 cents for it, does he not make an advance on the price of his corn and a profit in the fertility returned to the soil, as well as a saving of expense in the hauling? Breeding pure-bred livestock is a business which should be entered gradually and retired from reluctantly. Improving the common stock a little each year will lead up to the pure-bred business. There can exist no permanent system of agriculture without livestock and, on high-priced land, pure-bred stock is the only kind to have.

A man can have short legs and still carry his head high.

It always costs more to acquire a grouch than its worth.

Between the toothache and the dentist a man is forced to choose between two evils.

As a vermifuge there is nothing so potent as Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.

Lots of poor men are the architects of other men's riches.

Nothing worries a nagging wife so much as a husband who won't get mad.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Demonstrating.

Mrs. Pry—What is all that noise in your house, Willie?

Willie—Ma told pa I was just like him—always fightin'—and pa said I wasn't—and now they're having it out.

Out of Sorts?

Lots of discomfort — the blues — and many serious sicknesses you will avoid if you keep your bowels, liver and stomach in good working order by timely use of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

MONUMENT TO WOMAN PIONEER

Farm Woman Will Erect a Fitting Memorial to Her Who Blazed the Way to the Golden West

At the second annual session of the International Congress of Farm Women, held at Lethbridge the last week of October, the keynote was the betterment of country life, the lessening of the burdens of the farmer's wife and mother, the adoption of methods and devices that will conserve the woman, and the improvement of the home, the country church and the rural community. The speakers numbered many men and women of note including Dr. John A. Widstoe, Hon. Martin Burrell, Mirza Ali Kuli Kahn, Miss Alice Ravenhill, Dr. Liberty H. Bailey, Alexander Aaronsohn, Mrs. John Harbert, Mrs. Alberta Kepper, Rev. Matthew Brown McNutt and Prof. Geo. W. Putham.

The Congress elected Mrs. John Harbert of Manzanola, Colo., president, and re-elected Mrs. John T. Burns, secretary by acclamation. Oklahoma City was chosen as the next meeting place.

The closing session was marked by the decision to raise a pioneer fund with which to erect a large monument in bronze to the first farm woman of the golden west. A model was shown of a farm woman standing on a doorstep with one arm encircling the neck of her hopeful son and her eyes looking toward the setting sun across the great prairie farm, depicting the evening hour when the husband and father, the pioneer and home builder, was due to return from his day's toil in the field.

The suggestion of this paying tribute to the noble woman who first blazed the way across the desert prairies originated with Charles Christadora of Point Loma, Calif., and the young sculptor who had submitted the model desired that his name be kept secret until the accomplishment of his great work.

A committee was appointed to further the raising of a fund of $150,000 within one year, comprising Miss Irma E. Mathews of Oklahoma City, Okla; Mrs. R. W. Charles of Manitou, Man., and Mrs. John T. Burns of Oklahoma City, Okla. The Canadian delegates started the popular subscription with $47.50.

The plan of subscription is to urge a popular contribution to the fund in 10 cent payments. The organization to carry on the campaign in every state will be named by the committee at an early date. In the meantime those desirous of contributing their mite may send it to the secretary, Mrs. John T. Burns, Oklahoma City, Okla.

A feature of the Dry-Farming products exposition held during the week was the women's exhibit, and the displays made by the farm women and the home economic societies were as much enjoyed by the visitors as the grand displays of farm products.

During the week the International Farm Women's Press Association held several meetings at which officers were elected, and it was decided to establish a state or provincial auxiliary in every state and province in North America, and also to have representatives from foreign countries. This auxiliary organization, which started at Colorado Springs in 1911 with 11 members, now numbers 54 26 of whom were in attendance. Mrs. Mary L. Bigelow of the Farm, Stock and Home Journal of Minneapolis was elected president, and Miss Mary A. Whedon of The Farmer's Wife, St. Paul, secretary-treasurer.

Millions of Matches

Fifty years ago your grandfather bought matches tied up in bunches. They were thick wooden matches with strong-smelling sulphur heads.

Many of these matches your grandfather bought and used carefully and sparingly, came from a little shed close to Gloucester.

There, with a few willing hands to help him, a Samuel John Moreland turned out matches which, although the best of their time, were very crude things compared with the neat boxes of matches you buy today.

But Moreland had realised that in matches was to be found a fortune. He determined that Moreland's matches should be famous.

Today in place of that little shed and almost on the same spot there stands a huge factory that turns out Moreland's "England's Glory" matches at the rate of twelve million an hour.

The match making machine is really the last word in machinery. After the blocks of timber have been cut up into splints, the machine takes them, holds them in the proper position and dips them in paraffin.

After that it just puts their heads into the composition of which the head of a match is made, dries them, and drops the finished matches, ready counted, into boxes waiting to receive them.

Within a single hour of the arrival of logs of timber from the wharf they are cut up and converted into matches ready for the busy housewife or the smoker.

To walk over the factory, which covers seven acres and is being enlarged, takes over an hour.

"England's Glory" matches are known everywhere, as are John Bull matches, another product of Moreland's amazing energy and foresight fifty years ago.

Wanted—A porter and man of all work. So ran the advertisement that emanated from the book-seller, and among the applicants was a sturdy Irishman, gifted with more muscle than book learning.

He strolled slowly into the shop and gazed round rather uncertainly. Then he espied a large notice suspended from the topmost shelf.

Dickens' works, all this week, for 18 shillings.

The announcement at once aroused the rather sharp temper of the son of Erin.

Oi can't have after this job, be remarked to the book-seller, but Oive changed me mind. Dickens can work all the week for sixteen bob if he loikes; but I'm hanged if Oi'm going to. Ye's better kape Dickens.

You can always get a lot for your money if you patronize a real estate dealer.

Getting Along

Spratts—Miss Elder is much older than I thought.

Hunker—Impossible.

Spratts—Well, I asked her if she had read Aesop's Fables and she said she read them when they first came out.

Reports from the west state that great excitement reigns at Kitselas on the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific in British Columbia over rich finds of free milling gold bearing ore that have lately been discovered. That this is the real thing says the report, is established beyond doubt; assays made recently have run as high as $700 to the ton and quantities of the ore are to be found within a short distance of the railroad. So far no great amount of work has been done and it is improbable that active operations will commence before the spring. Numbers of claims have been staked, however, and one company thinks that with the railway facilities at hand they may be able to make a trial shipment in the immediate future.

Query—Is a bride self-possessed after her father gives her away?

No, Cordelia, a dancing academy is not necessarily a hop joint.

No Chance

And what is your occupation? asked the insurance agent.

I'm a woodman. During the hunting season season I act as guide.

Oh, I'm sorry, but my company won't write a policy in your class.

Why not? Surely I'm a good risk.

My dear sir, you're not a risk, you're a certainty.

Two old college chums lost sight of each other for years. One days one of them, down on his luck, worn of face and clothes, entered a cheap eating house and seated himself at a table.

Yes sir? asked the shabby waiter briskly.

Then the customer looked up and to his amazement recognized his old chum.

Great Scott, man, he exclaimed. Fancy you having sunk to being a waiter and in a place like this, too.

The waiter turned up his nose.

Yes, I'm a waiter, he replied sarcastically but thank goodness I don't eat here.

If you make a remark, don't you enjoy having someone say: Is that so?

If a man and wife are one it is because they are tied for first place.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

PETER JANSEN COMPANY

Grain Commission Merchants — Winnipeg, Manitoba
Make Bills Lading read: Port Arthur or Fort William. Notify Peter Jansen Co., Winnipeg.
Liberal Advances — Prompt Returns — Best Grades

Advantages and Saving by Using

The Loading Platform

In this writing we desire to put before our Western Farmers the saving and advantage of loading grain direct on cars. Shipping grain through an elevator, it matters not whether a Government elevator or one run by an elevator company or individual owner, does not add the least fraction of a cent to the value of the grain, nor does it give the farmer any better chance of marketing it to advantage than when loaded direct on cars. But loading direct on cars cuts out in the first place the elevator charge, which is usually 1¾c. per bushel, say $17.50 on a thousand bushel car. The elevator dockage is also saved: this may be worth more or less, depending partly on how dirty the grain is, but mostly on the farmer's ability in holding his own with the elevator man taking it in. On the average the dockage may be considered worth 3c per bushel to the farmer, or say $30 per car of 1,000 bushels. When grain is loaded direct into car over the Loading Platform, the farmer knows for sure that it is his very own grain that will be graded by the inspector, and that he will without doubt receive the full and exact outturn of his car at whichever terminal elevator it is unloaded; for all grain is unloaded from the cars under government superintendance and weighed by properly qualified government weighmen under the rules and supervision of the Dominion Government Board of Grain Commissioners.

Of course, it makes no difference in our loading of the farmers' grain whether it has been shipped through an elevator or over the Loading Platform, but it can easily be seen from what we have stated above where the farmer's advantage lies, when it saves him around $50 or more on every car he ships.

We continue to act as the farmers' agent in looking after and disposing of carlot shipments of wheat, oats, barley and flax strictly on a commission of 1 cent per bushel. We are not connected with, nor interested in any elevator companies or elevators, either local or terminal, neither are we track buyers, in fact, we never buy farmers' grain on our own account, but only to handle and dispose of the grain entrusted to us as the agents of those who employ us. Many years' experience, with a wide connection and ample facilities for engaging in this special branch of the grain trade, have given us a reputation of the highest character in it. We make liberal advances on car bills of lading. Write us for shipping instructions and market information. We give as references to our reliability, efficiency and financial standing any city or country Bank Manager in Western Canada.

Thompson Sons & Company

GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
701-703 Y Grain Exchange. Winnipeg, Canada.

GRAIN GROWERS!

GRAIN GROWERS of the West, what is your duty to the Grain Growers' Grain Company?

WE HAVE now a reserve fund of $260,520.50, with a paid up capital of $600,000. In addition to paying a satisfactory dividend to our shareholders, we have in the last six years donated about $40,000 to the Western Grain Growers' Associations and to other educational work among the farmers.

Had the grain that made this profit been shipped to other firms or commission houses, the dividends paid to shareholders and the donations to the Grain Growers' Associations would go to increase the profits of private commission houses and grain dealers.

Besides these facts, we have created competition in the grain trade that could not come by any other means. Our export activities have been successful in keeping Winnipeg cash quotations for grain right up to export values, getting for the farmer something closer to what supply and demand would warrant.

You will notice that there is this year an extra effort made on the part of a large number of commission firms and others in the business in having the country covered by track buyers, street buyers and solicitors for grain. This all costs money and the farmer pays for it all in commissions; if you ship to your own Company you pay your own agency the commission. What is not used in conducting the business of The Grain Growers' Grain Company goes to increase our reserve fund, to pay dividends to our stockholders, and to carry on additional educational work in the interests of the producers of grain.

We are operating the Manitoba Government line of elevators. Our operators will take your grain to store, buy in car loads on track or in waggon loads on street.

Farmers have always maintained that The Grain Growers' Grain Company needed a terminal elevator to make them an effective force in keeping up the price of grain and in giving the farmers the best service to place their products in the consumers' hands on ultimate markets. You have your own terminal now and we thus appeal to you to help make this undertaking a success by consigning your grain to The Grain Growers' Grain Company's terminal at Fort William.

Also subscribe for stock, the additional capital is much needed if we are to enter the co-operative field. Besides, it is a sound investment.

GRAIN GROWERS, it is all in your hands, what are you going to do?

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GRAIN CO., LTD.

WINNIPEG — CALGARY

In Backache the Kidneys Speak

It is their way of calling your attention to the fact that they are not in perfect condition. Many people who persistently ignored repeated warnings given by the kidneys are now chronic sufferers from kidney and bladder complaints which will stay with them until they die, and perhaps hasten the end.

How much better to help the kidneys the moment they show signs of needing a little assistance! Take DR. GRAU'S SWEET NITRE PILLS in time. They contain Nature's own remedies. They lift the kidneys out of their temporary depression and start them again in normal activity. Sold everywhere at fifty cents a box or mailed direct by

THE MARTIN, BOLE & WYNNE CO., WINNIPEG, CANADA

AGONIES OF GALL-STONES

SANOL is the Most Reliable and Rapid Cure for this Painful and Dangerous Disease. Strong Testimonials

There are hundreds of sufferers from gall-stones who will be glad to know of the great results being derived from the use of SANOL, the remedy that is safe, sure and remarkably rapid in its action. It removes the necessity of an operation. Relief comes promptly, the stones being dissolved or passed off in the stool without danger to the patient and without pain. SANOL has cured hundreds of people in Canada of this painful and dangerous disease. We have many testimonials from people who have thus been cured. For obvious reasons we cannot publish their names but many of those who have been cured are quite willing to tell others in confidence of the results of using SANOL. We are able to give names and addresses of numbers of these and will gladly do so to all who inquire.

The following extract is taken from the letter of a well-known Toronto gentleman.

"Replying to your letter, I followed your instructions and purchased two bottles of SANOL. You might send me as much of the mixture as I need. If I can in any way help the sale of SANOL and by doing so help some other unfortunate, I will be only too pleased to do so, as I consider it the best remedy ever made. You have a medicine that is worth millions."

SANOL is already widely recognized by the medical profession of Canada as a specific remedy for Kidney stones, gall-stones, kidney disease, gravel, stones in the bladder and all other diseases due to the presence of uric acid in the system. SANOL is also a great and reliable preventive and if taken at any time by those who have any weakness of the kidney or bladder will often prevent a serious illness.

SANOL is made only by the SANOL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD., 377 Main Street, Winnipeg. For sale by all druggists or direct from the makers at $1.50 per bottle.

CANCER

Book Free. A simple Home treatment removed lump from this lady's breast. Old sores, ulcers and growths cured. Describe your trouble; we will send book and testimonials.

THE CANADA CANCER INSTITUTE, LIMITED
10 CHURCHILL AVE., TORONTO

THE JOHN INGLIS CO., Limited

Engineers and Boilermakers
Boilers of all kinds—Engines, Pumps, and Heavy Plate Work
Write us for Prices
14 Strachan Ave., Toronto, Canada

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

$65 TO $200

A Month. Learn a new profession. Seven Weeks. We have jobs for three hundred men before May 1st, 1913.
INDIANA SCHOOL OF TRACTIONEERING
100 PINE LAKE AVE., LAPORTE, IND.

Ship Your
HIDES AND FURS
to
McMILLAN FUR & WOOL Co.,
Winnipeg, Manitoba

Far-Reaching Influence

What is meant by graft? said the inquiring foreigner.

Graft, said the resident of a great city, is a system which ultimately results in compelling a large portion of the population to apologize constantly for not having money, and the remainder to explain how they got it.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Cure at hand to remove them.

What are you doing dear? asked the little girl's mother, as she paused to look at some very strange marks the child was making on a piece of paper.

I'm writing a letter to Lillie Smith, was the answer.

But my dear, laughed the mother, you don't know how to write.

Oh, that doesn't matter, mother. Lillie doesn't know how to read.

Disdain for Dignity

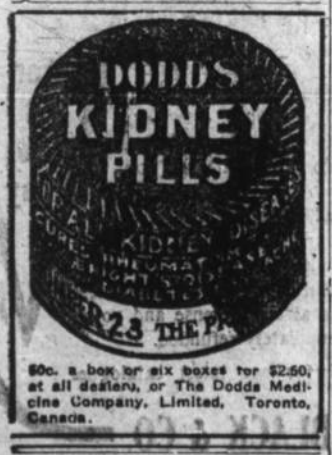
A scot, whose name was MacIntosh, and who was proud of the fact that he was directly descended from the chief of the clan, was having a dispute over the fare he owed to a taxi driver who had transported him to his home in the East End.

The man with the motor talked loud and harshly, and it angered the Highlander.

Do you know who I am? he demanded, proudly, drawing himself up to his full height. I'm a MacIntosh.

The taxi snorted.

I don't care if you're an umbrella, he said. I'll have my rights.



60c. a box or six boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or The Dodds Medicine Company, Limited, Toronto, Canada.

The Plan That Failed

He was a dear old professor, very learned and very absent-minded. And the latter trait of his was constantly getting him into hot water. This did not worry him so much as the one fact that he could never find his clothes in the morning on getting up, having completely forgotten where he had laid them.

One memorable day, however, a brilliant inspiration came to him. He would devise a clothes plan. He did, and it ran something like this:

Coat on third peg left hand corner of room, waistcoat and trousers on chair by bed, collar on door-handle, tie through key of door, vest on floor by window, cuffs on bedstead knobs, shirt on portmanteau, socks on gas-bracket, boots outside door, professor in bed.

This worked splendidly, and next morning the dear old thing collected his wardrobe with lightning rapidity, until he came to the last item on his list. He rushed to the bed; but it was empty.

Running his hand through his scanty grey locks, he exclaimed, in deep despair:

There! Now the professor is lost. I'm much afraid after all this plan is no good.

TEACHER CURED OF BARBER'S ITCH

TELLS OF CURES AMONG HIS PUPILS THAT WERE REMARKABLE

Raw, Inflamed, Itching Skin is Soothed and Healed by

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

Barber's Itch is a form of Ringworm which, when once started, is most annoying and unsightly, and most difficult to cure. Barbers often refuse to shave anyone having this disease for fear of passing it on to other customers.

But you can cure Barber's itch and keep the skin wonderfully soft and healthy by applying Dr. Chase's Ointment. Just read what this teacher has to say about the healing power of Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Mr. Chas. C. Poirier, Upper Caraquet, N.B., writes:—"Two years ago while teaching at Shippegan I caught Barber's Itch. A friend told me Dr. Chase's Ointment would cure me, as it had him. When I went for a box I thought it dear, but when I found how good it was I thought it cheap.

"Not only was I cured by that single box, but it also cured two of my pupils and this too quickly to be believed. One of them, a girl, had a running sore on the chin, which the doctor had tried in vain to cure. The other had a sore on the ear; water running out of it all the time. I can certify to the cure of these cases."

Wherever there is itching skin or a sore that refuses to heal you can apply Dr. Chase's Ointment with positive assurance that the result will be entirely satisfactory. The soothing, healing power of this great ointment is truly wonderful. 60c. a box, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

I tell you, Edgely, said Mr. Todd as they sat in the park, the way women dress these days is absurd. And nine times out of ten it is the fault of the men. Just for instance, take that woman coming down the park. Some fool husband has told her she looks perfectly charming in that outrageous get-up, lacking the stamina to come right out bluntly and tell her that she looks positively ridiculous.

Since this remark, Mr. Todd has never been seen in public without his glasses. The woman was Mrs. Todd.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LTD.

Gentlemen,—In July 1905 I was thrown from a road machine, injuring my hip and back badly and was obliged to use a crutch for 14 months. In Sept. 1906 Mr. Wm. Outridge of Lachute urged me to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, which I did with the most satisfactory results and to-day I am as well as ever in my life.

Yours sincerely,
his
MATTHEW x BAINES.
mark

He was standing near one of the stamp windows in the general post office. His face was flushed and his features distorted, while he tugged with his teeth at a knot in his handkerchief. When the knot gave way a friend, who had been watching the unusual performance, stepped up and asked: What was the knot for—to remember something?

Yes, to have my wife's umbrella mended.

Did you have it done?

No; forgot the blamed thing in the subway. But I remembered the knot all right.

So you are going to school, my little man? Well, well. And what do you learn at school?

Readin' an' writin, an' arithmetic.

Why, I didn't know the schools taught those things any more. Where do you live?

In that flat building?

Which floor do you live on?

I don't know.

Count up and see.

I can't.

You can't. I thought you said you studied arithmetic?

I do, but I can't count that far yet. We ain't only got to ten in our class.

Ah, Jack, old fellow. Haven't seen you since you wedding two years ago. How goes matrimony?

Very well, thanks. But, jove, it's expensive comfort. The dressmaker alone. If I had known—

You would have remained single, eh?

No, no, but I would have married the dressmaker.

The oldest colleges still retain their faculties.

ARE YOUR HANDS CHAPPED?

Zam-Buk Will Cure Them.

The particular danger of chapped hands and cold cracks (apart altogether from the pain) is that the cold is likely to penetrate and set up inflammation, festering, or blood-poison. Directly the skin is broken by a cut, graze or scratch, or chafed and cracked by the action of the cold winds and water, the one necessary precaution is to apply Zam-Buk freely.

The pure herbal juices from which Zam-Buk is prepared are so perfectly combined and refined that the immediate effect of these Zam-Buk dressings is soothing, antiseptic, and healing. Pain and inflammation are allayed, disease germs expelled from the wound or sore, and the latter is quickly healed.

Zam-Buk is not only a powerful healer and skin purifier; it is strongly antiseptic and germicidal, and so forms the ideal protection for the skin against disease germs.

It quickly heals cold cracks, chaps, chilblains, cold sores, etc.

Mrs. O. M. Phoen, Neuchatel, Alta., writes:—"I must tell you how pleased I am with Zam-Buk. My husband had an old frostbite on his foot for many years, and had tried almost every known remedy without any effect, but the first application of Zam-Buk seemed to help him so much that he persevered and the sore is now cured. We would not be without Zam-Buk in the house."

Zam-Buk is also a sure cure for piles, eczema, ulcers, abscesses, scalp sores, blood-poison, bad leg, eruptions, etc. Its purely herbal composition makes it the ideal balm for babies and young children. All druggists and stores sell Zam-Buk 50c. box or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for prices. Try also Zam-Buk Soap, 25c. tablet.

Morning, said Busiman as he met an acquaintance travelling up to town on the late train. Strange meeting you. You generally travel up a bit earlier than this. What's become of the train you used to catch?

Oh, replied the other, that train's been taken off.

Taken off, is it? asked Mr. B., with unnecessary curiosity. I suppose you miss it?

Not so often as I used to, came the response.

An actor who is known as Lew is of German descent, and his father speaks broken English. Lew says the old gentlemen went to a big art gallery recently and came home greatly enthused.

Saw a fine painting, Louis, he said. You did?

Yes it was a fine one—hundreds of people looking at it, it must haf been worth a hundred dollars, sure.

What was its name asked Lew.

Dot I can tell you not, but it vas a fine picture.

Describe it to me.

Vell, said the old gentleman, there vas three fellers. Von was playing the fife, von was playing the drum, and the other had a headache.

For Frost Bites and Chilblains.—Chilblains come from undue exposure to slush and cold and frost-bite from the icy winds of winter. In the treatment of either there is no better preparation than Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, as it counteracts the inflammation and relieves the pain. The action of the oil is instantaneous and its application is extremely simple.

A tall, austere man, who was evidently a stranger in those parts entered a church in a small town in Maine. He took a seat in the rear of the church and listened apparently interested for a short while. After that he began to show nervousness. Leaning over an old gentleman on his right, evidently an old member of the congregation, he whispered:

How long has he been preaching?

Thirty-five years, I think, responded the old man; but I don't know exactly.

I'll stay then, decided the stranger. He must be nearly finished.

How old is your baby brother? asked little Tommy of a playmate.

One year old, replied Johnny.

Ah, exclaimed Tommy, I've got a dog a year old and he can walk twice as well as your brother.

Well, so he ought to, replied Johnny. He's got twice as many legs.

The average spinster insists that she is because she wants to be.

An idle rumor never spends much time in the office of a busy man.

There are spots on the sun, yet some people expect a small boy to be perfect.

A FRIEND'S ADVICE

Something Worth Listening To

A young man was advised by a friend to eat Grape-Nuts because he was all run down from a spell of fever. He tells the story.

"Last spring I had an attack of fever that left me in a very weak condition. I had to quit work; had no appetite, was nervous and discouraged.

"A friend advised me to eat Grape-Nuts, but I paid no attention to him and kept getting worse as time went by.

"I took many kinds of medicine but none of them seemed to help me. My system was completely run down, my blood got out of order from want of proper food, and several very large boils broke out on my neck. I was so weak I could hardly walk.

"One day mother ordered some Grape-Nuts and induced me to eat some. I felt better and that night rested fine. As I continued to use the food every day, I grew stronger steadily and now have regained my former good health. I would not be without Grape-Nuts as I believe it is the most health-giving food in the world." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

G.T.P CONSTRUCTION

Large Force of Men to be Employed This Winter on Western Extensions

In a recent interview, Mr. Morley Donaldson, vice president and general manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway has given an interesting account of the progress of that road. He states that 6,000 men will be employed by the G.T.P. during the coming winter. On the western end alone 4,600 men are now at work and before many weeks have passed this number will have increased to 5,000; while, working eastward from Hazelton there are at present 1,700 workmen on the main line. Practically all the necessary force for the season's operations in the mountains is now engaged and although additional men could be set to work there will be no delay even if the present number fails to be augmented. Mr. Donaldson states that no exact forecast can be made as to the possibility of the line being completed to the Pacific coast in 1913. Every effort is being made to expedite construction but until June of next year it would be impossible to say what the prospects of completing the line would be. The Grand Trunk Pacific has never been in better shape to handle its share of the western crop than has been the case this year. About 35 per cent of the crop has already been removed to the lake ports, said Mr. Donaldson, and although the harvest has been much heavier and much later than in 1911 the proportion handled by our company is already greater than before. At Westport the big 2,500,000 elevator built by the G.T.P. will be ready for use in the very near future and this will serve to alleviate congestion very considerably. Twenty five new locomotives have been commissioned for the western traffic and there has also been a big increase in the number of grain cars. Not so much as a whisper of complaint has been received and apparently the grain is being taken out as fast as it can be brought in by the farmers.

The construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific's dry dock at Prince Rupert is destined in the opinion of experts to have an important effect upon the shipping trade of the Pacific coast. In the first place when the company lays up its steamers as it does at this time of year they will be berthed in Prince Rupert preferably to any other port and this will be their headquarters in consequence. Many of the other coast steamers which are at present forced to go elsewhere for repairs and overhauling will tie up in future at the terminus of the G.T.P., whose new plant will eclipse anything of its kind upon the Pacific coast being capable of handling 20,000 ton vessels. Already a 300 foot pier has been erected and rapid progress is being made upon the mammoth structure.

CLERGY OPPOSE BABY BONUS

Australian Scheme, They Say Would be Incentive to Immorality

The recent decision of the labor government to grant to the mothers of all children born in Australia a maternity bonus of $25 is attended by many more difficulties than its authors anticipated. The sum of $2,000,000 is to be distributed in the present financial year, ending June 30, 1913 and the next year a larger sum will be set aside.

Finance however, is not the difficulty. The stumbling block is the question of the extension of the grant to to the mothers of illegitimate children. The prime minister, in his capacity of treasurer has decided that the grant shall be indiscriminate—in the sense that no question as to whether the mother was married or unmarried shall affect any claim to the $25. The churches and particularly the council of churches—a body of Protestant denominationalists interested in social and political questions—strongly resent this decision, and declare that it is—

1—A slight on the sanctity of marriage,
2—An encouragement of vice.
3—A stimulus to immorality.
4—An outrage on the moral sentiment of the community.

It is urged that there were registered in Australia last year about 7200 illegitimate children. A bonus of $25 per child would amount in these cases to $180,000 which it is suggested might be far better spent in subsidizing maternity homes, refuges and other voluntary agencies which aid the fallen and those who have lost their way in this young country.

Amid this storm of agitation the policy of the federal labor government remains unchanged. Mr. Fisher devoted five minutes only to his reply to the arguments of an influential deputation of clergymen, who implored him to stay his hand and that five minutes was absorbed by a candid declaration that the scheme would go forward on the lines proposed, and that he was unconvinced that there was any moral peril in adhesion to those lines. The government desired to come to the financial assistance of women at the most trying period of their lives and would consider them simply as mothers.

His Forlorn Hope

It was a thrilling story that Brown had to tell; disaster and shipwreck bravery against odds, and wisdom when all wits were scattered—except Brown's!

I had abandoned all hope, he said, when his narrative had run for an hour. It was the most hideous sensation imaginable; and as I sank for the third time, my past life seemed to rise before me in a series of grim, realistic pictures. I saw everything I had ever done.

A murmur of sympathy rolled from the lips of listening friends; but just as Brown was preparing to resume, Jones, who was sitting quietly in a corner, interrupted him, sharply and hopefully:

And did you happen to notice, he asked, a picture of me lending you a fiver in the autumn of 1909?

Sometimes a burglar leaves little to be desired.

Marriage may either form one's character or reform it.

PERFECTION
SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Efficient. Will heat a good sized room even in the coldest weather.

Economical. Burns nine hours on one gallon of oil.

Ornamental. Nickel trimmings; plain steel or enameled turquoise-blue drums.

Portable. Easily carried from room to room; weighs only eleven pounds; handle doesn't get hot.

Doesn't Smoke
Doesn't Leak
Easily Cleaned and Re-wicked
Inexpensive
Lasts for years

At Dealers Everywhere

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited
WINNIPEG MONTREAL TORONTO ST. JOHN HALIFAX

Whenever you see a well gloved hand think of

PERRIN GLOVES

What He Gained

Mrs. Smith was grieved and disappointed at the conduct of her son Robert. She called him into her presence and questioned him freely as to his latest enormity.

Mrs. Hayes tells me that you tied a tin can to her dog's tail, she said.

Yes, mother.

What a shameful thing to do.

Yes, ma'am.

Do you know that the poor dog ran away so far that he has never come back—that he probably ran himself to death?

Yes, ma'am.

Oh, Robert. What did you gain by such conduct?

I gained a dollar from Mr. Hayes.

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR YOUNG CHILDREN

Mrs. Ulderic Roberge, Lac Long, Que., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my baby who suffered from stomach trouble and vomiting, also from constipation and they completely cured him. I can recommend them to all mothers as the very best medicine for young children. The Tablets are superior to all other medicines not only because they promptly cure stomach trouble, constipation, colic, etc., but because they are guaranteed to be absolutely safe and free from all harmful drugs. Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

But madam, said the surgeon, after the woman had recovered consciousness in the hospital why didn't you stop when the crossing policeman held up his hand? Then you wouldn't have been struck by the automobile.

What, Me stop when Jim Maginnis holds up his hand? I'd let you know I'm his wife and he never saw the day when he could boss me.

It seems perfectly natural for some women to be artificial.

Save your money and the chances are that you will never regret it.

It's the CLEANEST, SIMPLEST, and BEST HOME DYE, one can buy—Why you don't even have to know what KIND of Cloth your Goods are made of.—No Mistakes are Impossible.

Send for Free Color Card, Story Booklet, and Booklet giving results of Dyeing over other colors.

The JOHNSON-RICHARDSON CO., Limited, Montreal, Canada.

A little Irishman in a state of great excitement and dishabile ran into the lobby of a hotel.

I want a room, he said to the clerk, and I want it quick.

What room do you want? inquired the clerk politely?

I want 37.

But 37 is already occupied—Mulligan has that room.

I know he has, responded the little Irishman. I'm Mulligan, and I just fell out of the window.

The theatrical agent was interviewing Hamlet Brown, the tragedian. His object was to secure his services for a new play which was about to be produced. The latter, however, did not seem to take much interest in the project.

What's it about, anyhow, he asked.

Well, replied the other, the play is a historical one. The scene of it is laid in England; period, Henry V. During the whole course of the piece the king is absent in France. Now—

Say, no more, interrupted the actor, with a lordly wave of his hand. I'll take the part of the king. But, of course, he added, I shall expect my expenses paid to France.

Good for Evil

Young Master Billy Tubbs reached home recently with his nose streaming gore.

Goodness gracious! exclaimed his kindhearted mother. What ever have you been doing?

Boo-hoo! roared William the non-Conqueror. That boy Baggs hit my nose 'cos I called him a bully!

There, there! cooed his mother, as she restored the small countenance to order. I'll give you something nice to give little Baggs. That will be returning good for evil.

Accordingly next morning Billy started out with a wonderful plum-cake for the warlike Tommy Baggs. But dinner-time saw him appearing in the distance with two lovely eyes so black and swollen that it was difficult even to cry.

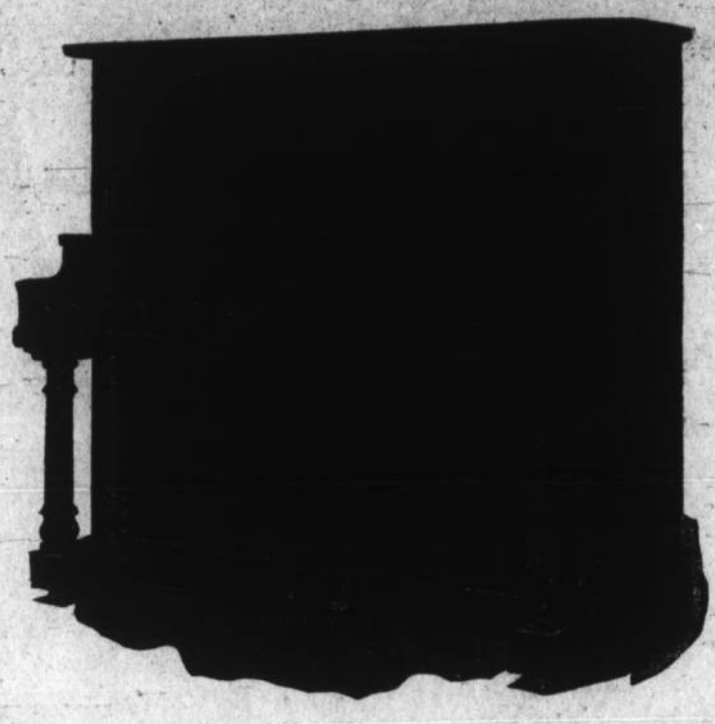
Willie, darling, what has happened? asked the trembling mother, as she drew his aching little head to her heart.

Tommy Baggs—he—he, little Billy gasped—he wants to know if you'll send him a jam-tart this time.

Here is the recipe for making Wall street consomme: Take a little common stock, and seven times as much water—then catch your lamb.

OUR GREAT CIRCULATION CONTEST

Contest Commenced Saturday, November 9, 1912 and Closes April 15, 1913, Jointly with H. W. Reeves, Merchant



Say, How would you like to own this? It's yours free of cost by a Little effort

We paid $350.00 for it. Yours for nothing. Want this Piano? It goes to the person receiving the greatest number of votes in our GRAND VOTING CONTEST. Fill out the Coupon below and nominate yourself or a friend. It will cost you nothing, or the friend nothing

ACT QUICKLY

$1,330 in Prizes, 5 Krause Piano Prizes

First Prize to the person receiving the highest number of votes, a Krause Upright Piano, worth $350.00, Delivered.

Second Prize, a due bill for $280.00 to apply as payment on a Krause Piano, Free on Board, Chicago.

Third Prize, a due bill for $250.00 to apply as above.

Fourth Prize, a due bill for $240.00 to apply as above.

Fifth Prize, a due bill for $230.00 to apply as above.

Each candidate will have five chances to qualify for a Piano Prize.

Prizes will also be given to the person nominating the lady winning any of the First Five Prizes, which Prizes will be announced later.

How to Obtain Votes

This newspaper will pay ten per cent. on all money collected for this newspaper to candidates, so your time will not be lost even if you do not win. You can win if you make the effort. Don't let anyone get the start on you.

Review Voting Schedule

1 year's Subscription	- - -	$1.00 - -	1,000
2 years "	- - -	$2.00 - -	2,000
3 " "	- - -	$3.00 - -	3,000

For Arrears

For Arrears, for each year - - - - - -	1,000

H. W Reeves Schedule

Make your purchases at H. W. Reeves Store, and get your friends to do likewise. Every dollar purchased in general stock means 100 votes. Ballot Box open and sample Prize Piano on exhibition at H. W. Reeves. Contest officially opened November 9, and will run without interruption until April 15th. Watch this paper for further particulars.

Every purchase of one dollar entitles you to 100 votes. Every dollar paid on account entitles you to 100 votes.

Who Do You Think Ought to Have the Piano?

Fill out the Coupon and send it in. It will not cost you anything, and will count 1000 votes for your candidate.

THE VULCAN REVIEW

Every Tuesday

Vulcan - Alberta

Subscription $1.00 in Advance

Advertising rates given by the Manager

F. D. ROGERS, Publisher
J. F. ANSTETT, Manager

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1912

C. P. R. Time Table

Going north 9:22 a. m., going south 20:58. Lethbridge-Calgary direct.

Local News of Interest

Horse comfort at the Palace livery stables.

For real house made bread, try the Vulcan bakery.

George Ecker spent several days in Calgary last week.

H. F. Richardson spent a few days in Calgary last week.

Look elsewhere for notice of the next dance at Hub hall.

Ed. Shaw is building an addition to his home on Menerva street.

The frame of the Terwilliger elevator addition is now up and completion of same is looked for in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Green, in party with relatives, left last week for Oregon, where they will reside in future.

See M. F. Earp for loans or insurance. He handles the very best companies and can give you the best of satisfaction.

The post-office just at present is undergoing a seige of renovation, and what with the fresh paper and paint we are going to have the finest office any where around this part of the world.

Rumor has it that we are soon to have another lumber yard. The National Lumber company, who bought lots some time ago, sent a man down recently to look over conditions and we understand his report was very favorable.

A rather strange occurance happened here last week when one of the emergency bins of the National elevator company burst, owing to overstrain, and spilled in the neighborhood of 10,000 bushels on the ground.

Three auto loads of I.O.O.F's. left for Carmangay last Tuesday night. Two of the carloads arrived safely and were royally entertained by the Carmangay lodge, the other unfortunately running into a rut and tipping out some of the occupants, was compelled to return.

Tuesday, December 3, the Vulcan Dramatic Club will present to the citizens of Nanton "The Confederates" and "The Dear Departed." Both of the above plays were rendered here with great success and it is to be hoped that the Nanton audience will be as appreciative.

Wanted, For Sale

Lost and Found

Money to Loan

Farmers wishing to take out loans on their land can not do better than consult me before doing so as I have the best proposition in the business. Grain and granaries insured at the lowest rates.

Alexander Trail.

WANTED.

A first class Life Assurance Company wants a few good live men who are willing to represent it in their district. Apply to Room 2, 57 Jasper Ave. W., Edmonton, Alta. —31

I. O. O. F.

I. O. O. F. Samaritan Lodge, No. 91 meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting Brothers welcome. A. N. White, N.G. J. B. Lukins, R.S.

STRAYED

One black mare. Brand F C on left thigh. Left eye out. $10.00 reward for information leading to her recovery. F. W. Galloway, 1 mile south of Ecard's coal mine, Champion.

FOR SALE.

All of section 18-17-23-4, at the rate of $17.50 per acre, cash. Address all communications to

F. A. GROSENBAUGH,
Fort Dodge, Iowa.

VULCAN

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable

Corner Centre Avenue and Nichols Street

Stock left in our care will have the best of attention

EVERYTHING NEW AND UP-TO-DATE

Horses Bought and Sold on Commission

A Full Line of Rigs of All Kinds for Sale

R. E. DODDS, Prop.

Christmas Crockery

Every woman wants nice dishes on the Table for Christmas. Give her what she likes We have open stock (take what you want) one piece or a whole set.

Cups & Saucers $1.00 per doz. & up
Dinner Sets (97 pieces) $12.00 & up

Decorated China

Cups & Saucers 25cts. — Fruit Dishes 50cts.
Cake Plates 50cts. — Celery Plates 50cts.

Japanese China

Large Bowl & 6 Fruit Dishes $2.00

Lindsay Hardware Co.

B. C. RESTAURANT

SHORT ORDERS

Oysters, Tobacco, Fruit, Candy

VULCAN -- ALTA

BANK OF HAMILTON

CAPITAL PAID UP	$ 2,870,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits	3,500,000
Total Assets	44,000,000

TO provide against a possible "Rainy Day" is not the only reason for regular saving. A bank account gives you the feeling of independence and security that keeps your mind free from worry—that makes you better able to meet the world on an equal footing and to take advantage of opportunities that come your way.

Open your account at the Bank of Hamilton, where courteous, efficient banking service is provided for the deposits of small, as well as large, accounts.

Head Office HAMILTON

Vulcan Branch Alex. Trail Agent

OUR JEWELRY CATALOGUE

Is Free for the Asking

Send For It To-day

Christmas shopping is made easy to the out-of-town buyer by the use of our catalogue of diamonds, jewelry, silverware, toiletware and novelties. All you have to do is to write out your order and mail it to us. We will deliver the articles selected, enclosed in attractive boxes, right to your door without any expense or trouble whatever to you. If you are not entirely satisfied with your purchase, it may be returned at our expense and your money will be immediately refunded.

Drop us a postal for our latest catalogue.

D. E. BLACK & CO.

Diamond Merchants, Mfg. Jewelers and Opticians, Calgary, Alta.